CAROLINA OBSERVER.

VOL. XVI.] FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 4, 1832. [NO. 809.

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By Edward J. Hale,
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ADVERTISEMENTS inserted for sixty cents per square for the first, & thirty cents for each succeeding publication. Advertisers are requested to state the number of insertions desired, or they will be continued till forbid, and charged accordingly.
Letters to the Editor must be post paid.

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just received from New York and Philadelphia, and now offers for sale at his HARDWARE STORE, on Hay street, nearly opposite the new Lafayette Hotel, the most complete stock of Goods in that line of business ever offered in this market. Also, an assortment of

Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs,
Drugs and Medicines,
Hatter's Materials,
Coach and Gig Trimmings,
Blacksmith's Tools,
Carpenter's Tools,
Grids, Ovens, Spiders & other castings,
Wheeborn Ploughs, & Plough Points,
Bar Iron and Steel,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Groceries, &c.

ALSO, ON CONSIGNMENT,
A few Dozen Rush bottom and Windsor Chairs.

JAMES BAKER.
November 26. 8-4w.

CANDLES.

FAYETTEVILLE mould *CANDLES*, sold only by
November 26, 1832. W. S. LATTA. 8-4w.

APPLES.

JUST received by Steam Boat John Walker, a few barrels New York PIPPINS, for sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & CO.
November 26. 8tf.

JACKSON HOTEL.
Liberty Point, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE Subscriber tenders his sincere thanks to the public for the very liberal encouragement he has heretofore received, and hopes by unceasing assiduity to merit a greater portion of patronage. He takes pleasure in stating, that he has just erected a commodious Hotel on the spot where he formerly lived. His table, as usual, shall be supplied with the luxuries of the market; and his Bar furnished with Liquors and Wines, not inferior to any Public House in the place. His Stables are also new, well supplied with the best provender, and attended by careful and faithful Ostlers. His charges will be moderate.
WADDLE CADE.
November 27, 1832. ‖8-tf.‖

PORTRAIT PAINTING.

J. GARDNER has taken a Room in the New Brick Row, one door west of Mr. Ray's, where those who may wish his services are respectfully invited to call. Specimens of his Painting may be seen at the Store of Mr P. Dailey.
Fayetteville, Nov. 27. 8tf.

The TOKEN and SOUVENIR,
WITH A VARIETY OF OTHER
NEW BOOKS,

Just received, by E. J. HALE.
Nov. 27. 8tf

FOR RENT,

UNTIL the 1st day of September next, the Rooms at present occupied as the Observer Office.—Possession will be given in a few days. Apply to
E. J. HALE.
November 27.

State of North Carolina,
ANSON COUNTY.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, Oct. Term, 1832.

William Allen, vs. Jno B. Billingsley. } *Original Attachment.*

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the Defendant, John B. Billingsley, is not an inhabitant of this State; It is therefore, *Ordered*, That publication be made for six weeks, in the *Fayetteville Observer*, that unless the said John B. Billingsley come forward, replevy, plead to issue or demur, at our next Court to be held for Anson County, at the C. House in Wadesborough, on the second Monday in January next, judgment final will be taken against him, and the amount of the Plaintiff's demand will be condemned in the hands of the Garnishees. Witness, *William Dismukes*, Clerk of our said Court, the 2d Monday of October, 1832.
W. DISMUKES, *Clerk.*
(3-6w.—price adv. $2 10.)

GROCERIES.

15,000 Lbs. prime green and Rio Coffee,
10 hhds. good New Orleans Sugar,
A few barrels and half barrels of very superior brown Sugar,
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads,
150 sides sole Leather,
28 best quality Grindstones.

The above articles will be sold cheap for cash, or exchanged for Country produce, on very favorable terms.
WILLIAMSON WHITEHEAD.
November 13. §6-tf.§

SHOES, &c.

50 Cases now landing, consisting of a general assortment fresh from the manufactories, suitable for the country trade.
—ALSO—
200 Reams Wrapping Paper.
A. KIMBALL.
November 13. §6-tf.§

FOR SALE,
LAWRENCE & LEMAY'S ALMANAC,
For the Year 1833.

By ARCH'D CAMPBELL.
November 20, 1832. 7tf.

DRAKE & ATKINS,

HAVE just received in addition to, and offer for sale with their former Stock,
8 Tons Swedes and English Iron and Steel,
50 kegs Nails and Brads, 4d. to 20d.
20 bags prime green Coffee,
4 ditto Pepper and Spice,
5 hhds. and 10 bbls. bright Porto Rico Sugar,
100 pr. full 6½ feet heavy Trace Chains,
40 do. common ditto.
Liverpool Salt in bulk, and Cotton Yarn, No. 5 to 12.
On Hand, a general assortment of
DRY GOODS & HARDWARE:
Forming a variety too tedious to enumerate; all of which will be sold at a small advance, either for cash or country produce.
D. & A.
Brick Row, Haymount.
N. B.—A few hundred pounds Buck Wheat Flour.
November 20, 1832. 7-4w.

FOR SALE,
By Thos. Sandford & Co.

30 Hhds. Molasses,
5 do. Sugar,
20 kegs Nails, assorted,
40 bbls. No. 1 & 2 Mackerel,
15 casks Cheese,
60 sacks blown Salt,
5 qr. casks Malaga Wine,
10 bbls. N. E. Rum.
—*Also,*—
10 tons Swedes Iron, (handsomely assorted,) daily expected, which will be sold in lots on reasonable terms.
November 20.

NEW GOODS.

C. P. MALLETT has just received his FALL & WINTER GOODS, consisting in part of
Super & common Cloths, Cassimeres & Sattinetts,
Domestic Sheetings and Shirtings,
Cotton Yarn, No. 5 to 10,
Dorchester Bedtick,
Domestic Ginghams,
French do., a variety of patterns,
Rowen Cassimere and Cantoon Cords,
Light fancy Calicoes and Prints,
Linen cambric and cotton Hdkffs.
Fancy palmerine and gauze do.
A general assortment of Drillings,
White, buff, and fancy Merseilles,
Circassian and Bombazets,
Cotton Ferrets and quality Binding,
No. 1, 2, 3 weeding Hoes,
Gilburt's and Taylor's Axes,
Hooks and Hinges—Trace Chains,
A good assortment of stock, plate and knob Locks and Latches,
Chest, drawer, cupboard and pad Locks,
Knives and Forks, and pocket Knives,
A general assortment of Carpenter's Tools,
Cotton and Manilla Cordage,
A supply of fine Hats, Shoes and Trunks,
Saddles, Bridles and Valisses,
Seidlitz and soda Powders,
Dye Stuffs, Paints and Putty,
Brown, fancy and maple Soap,
Opodeldoc, Preston Salts and Rose,
Cocoa, Mace, Cloves, and Cinnamon,
Race and ground Ginger,
Pine apple Cheese,
Bunch and bloom Raisins,
Window Glass 8x10 and 10x12,
Dupont's Powder, Lead and Shot,
Imperial and Hyson Teas,
Loaf and brown Sugar,
Coffee, Molasses, Salt, Iron, &c. &c.
Nov. 20 7tf.

Just received and for sale by the Subscribers,

3 PIPES Holland GIN,
50 bags prime COFFEE,
27 barrels superior ditto,
10 hhds. N. O. Sugar,
5 qr. casks Port Wine,
5 do. do. sweet Malaga Wine,
10 boxes Hyson Tea,
4 ditto Muscat Wine,
5 ditto assorted Brandy Fruits,
6 baskets Champaigne,
5 casks fresh Rice.
WILLKINGS & CO.
November 20, 1832. 7-3w.

J. GALES & SON'S NORTH CAROLINA Almanac, *FOR* 1833.

For sale by E. J. HALE.

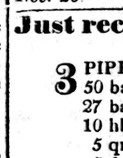
HADLOCK'S
Vegetable Powder for Diseases of the Lungs.

For sale at the Book Store of E. J. HALE.

BLANK BOOKS, &c.

A FRESH supply of various sizes, Blank Books
Cap Paper at $2 a ream,
Malte Brun's Universal Geography and Atlas,
Hemans, Heber, and Pollock's Poems,
Goldsmith's Works,
Grimshaw's Greece, Rome, France, and South America, with Questions.
Christian Lyre.
Theological Class Book.
A year in Spain.
Lady of the Manor.
Art of being Happy, &c. &c.
Just received by E. J. HALE.
November 20, 1832.

IMPORTANT
To Physicians, and Dealers in Medicines.
R. MAYNARD & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
Person-Street, opposite Willkings & Co.,



ARE now receiving a large and general Assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, DYE STUFFS, & HATTERS' MATERIALS, &c. Their Stock is by far the largest that has ever been offered in this Market, and which they warrant to be genuine, and are determined to sell at the lowest possible terms. Physicians and Country Merchants are invited to call and examine their stock. Orders will be promptly attended to. Prescriptions from Physicians put up at the shortest notice.
Oct. 1. 800-tf

Piano Forte.

JUST received from the Manufacturer, one elegant PIANO FORTE, for sale by
THOS. SANDFORD & Co.
November 20. 7tf.

HAIR for Plaistering, for sale by
JNO. HUSKE & SON.
May 8. 79-tf.

MR. EDWARD ROWLAND,

A RECENT Graduate of Amherst College, will open a School in this town, for the instruction of Youth, in the studies preparatory to College, and also in the common branches of English Education.
Reference may be made to Rev. H. A. Rowland.
Fayetteville, Nov. 19. 7-3tpd.

A Female School

WILL be opened in Moore County, at the residence of the Subscriber, on the 1st Monday in December next.
Mrs. McCOLLUM will superintend Young Ladies in the following branches of education, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography with mapping and the use of the Globes, English Grammar, History, Rhetoric, Composition, Painting, Drawing and Needle Work, if required.
A recitation in Scripture, or an analysis of some subject or sermon, will be required of the pupils every Monday morning; and every attention will be paid to their morals and manners, as well as their mental improvement.
There will be two Terms in the year, 5 months each—one ending the last of April, and the other the last of October.
The Terms of Tuition per Session will be from $7 to $8, varying according to the advanced state of the pupil.
The Subscriber will accommodate 8 or 10 Young Ladies with Boarding at $5 per month, including washing, fuel and candles.
ANGUS McCOLLUM.
N. B.—I request those who intend to board with me to inform me by letter [post paid] immediately, that I may make the necessary arrangements.
A. McC.
Moore County, Nov. 13. 7-tf.

NOTICE.

THE Trustees of the Marlborough Academies wish to employ a Teacher to take charge of the
MALE ACADEMY,
for the ensuing year, and will receive proposals for the same, until the 10th of December next. Persons wishing to be employed, will be required to produce satisfactory testimonials of their moral character, and capability to teach the Latin and Greek languages, together with all the branches of English Sciences and Mathematics, necessary to entering the Junior Class of the South Carolina College.
Also, a Tutoress to take charge of the
FEMALE ACADEMY,
on the first Monday in March next, for the remainder of the year, who will be required to teach Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, and Geography. Proposals for the same will be received until the 5th of January next.
All communications relating to either of the said Institutions, and directed to the subscriber, at Marlborough Court House, on or before the above stated times, will be promptly attended to.
THOS. COOK, Sec'y.
Nov. 7th, 1832. 7-4w.

CHERAW ACADEMIES.

THE Trustees take pleasure in announcing the very prosperous State of the above Institutions.—With a continuing increase of numbers, they have been enabled to add all the comforts, and advantages necessary to a complete Academical course.
The following are the rates of Tuition:

FEMALE ACADEMY,
UNDER THE SUPERINTENDENCE OF MR. CRANMORE WALLACE AND LADY.

Latin, Mathematics, Drawing, &c.	$8 00
Common English studies,	6 00
Reading and writing,	5 00

MALE ACADEMY,
MESSRS. INGLIS AND DUBOSE.

Latin, Greek, Mathematics, &c.	$8 00
English studies,	6 00
Reading and writing,	5 00

French.
In this department, a gentleman of great accomplishment as a French Scholar is expected to take charge.

Music.
Mons. *Victor LaTaste*, has been engaged and will instruct upon the Piano, Guitar and Flute.

Piano, per quarter,	$15
Guitar,	15
Flute,	10

This gentleman, the trustees feel confident, will give every satisfaction as a teacher of these instruments.
P. PHLLIPS,
Secretary of the Board of Trustees.
November 1, 1832. ‖7-4w.‖

JOHN R. McCORMAC,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving at his former stand on the north side of Person street, directly opposite the old Cape Fear Bank, from New York, a **STOCK OF GOODS** which embraces almost every article that can be found in any of the stores of this place. The following articles compose a small part of them:
Blue, black, brown & invisible green cloth. Bl'k, brown, blue and steel col'd Cassimeres & Sattinetts. Brown, rose and fancy edged Blankets. A large assortment of cotton Shirting and Sheeting, bleached and unbleached. Silk of every color, plain and figured. Ladies and gentlemen's Gloves of every description. Red, brown and yellow Pongee, Flag & Silk Handkerchiefs. Cotton & Silk Velvet. Changeable do., for Ladies' Bonnets. Black Lace Veils. Fig'd and plain white gauze do. Merino Shawls & Thibets. Yellow, red and white Flannel. Super scarlet do. Cotton do. Linen fold Cotton shirting. Irish Linen. Do. Linen Cambric. Shell and horn side and tuck Combs, plain and carved. A large assortment of Calico, some very splendid patterns. Birds eye and Russia Diapers. Plain and fig'd Swiss Jaconet, book, and mull Muslins. White, black & pink col'd Cambrics. Bobbinett and Thread Lace Edging and Insertions. Best Italian Sewing Silk. Ribbons. Belts. Dunstable Bonnets and Trimming. Silk and Cotton Umbrellas. Satin and Beaver Hats. Boys' Caps. Cotton Bagging, Rope and Twine. Table Knives. Pocket do. Shoe do. Razors and Scissors, (some of a very superior quality.) Pad, Stock, Trunk, and Gun Locks. Coffee Mills. Brass handle Shovel and Tongs. Looking Glasses. Drawing Knives. Trace Chains, and Halter do. Frying Pans. Steelyards, and Axes.

1000 *Pair of Shoes,*
Having amongst them a great variety of fashions and qualities, for Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, and Children; and also, Negro Shoes.
10 hhds Sugar, 8 of Molasses. 50 bags of Coffee. Tea, Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Sulphur, Soap, Shot, Powder, Lead, &c. &c. All which he will sell low for cash, or country produce.

For Sale,

TWO young families of NEGROES, as follows:—One Woman, twenty-two years of age, with a Boy; also, one, twenty-six years of age, with two Boys and one Girl; all very likely; in which a bargain will be given. Apply to the Printer.
Fayetteville, Oct. 20, 1832. 3-tf

REMOVAL.
Dr. James H. Dickson,

HAS removed to the New Brick Building, on the East side of Green-street, directly opposite the Store of Messrs. Jno. Huske & Son, where he offers for sale on reasonable terms, for Cash, or approved credit, a General Assortment of
DRUGS and MEDICINES,
Shop Furniture, Surgical Instruments,
Paints, Oils, and Dye Stuffs,
Hatters' Materials,
Perfumery, &c.
October 15th, 1832. 2-tf

NEW GOODS.
NOTT & STARR,

HAVE just received and offer for sale, the following articles, viz:—
18 Hhds. SUGAR,
50 bags Coffee,
5 do Pepper and Spice,
3 do Race Ginger,
7 bbls. Loaf Sugar,
200 kegs Nails and Brads,
15 tons Swedes and English Iron,
Hoop and Sheet Iron,
English and American Blistered Steel,
German and Cast Steel,
30 boxes Tin Plate,
50 pieces Heavy Cotton Bagging,
30 coils Rope,
120 sides Sole Leather,
25 boxes Cotton and Wool Cards,
16 doz. Ward's Cast Steel Axes,
25 do Coffee Mills,
25 boxes Roram and Fur Hats,
3 do Wool do,
12 bbls. Copperas,
4 do Epsom and Glauber Salts,
2 ceroons Indigo,
60 bags Shot,
1000 lbs Lead,
40 kegs Dupont's Powder,
75 reams writing and letter Paper,
100 do wrapping do,
1500 lbs. Cotton Yarn No. 4 to 13,
40 cases Shoes, assorted,
Together with a large assortment of
Dry Goods, Hardware and Cutlery, Castings,
Patent Medicines, School Books, &c.
Which will be sold low, for Cash or Country Produce.
Fayetteville, Nov. 13. ‖6-6w.‖

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WOULD beg leave to call the attention of their friends, and the public generally, to their
Entire New and Extensive Stock of Seasonable, Fancy and Staple
DRY GOODS,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,
Hats, Shoes, & Cotton Cards,
Foolscap and Letter Paper,
BLANK BOOKS, SPELLING BOOKS, &c. &c.
Now opening at their Store, corner of Exchange Square and Hillsborough Street; which they offer on liberal terms, at WHOLESALE, exclusively.
Their Stock having been selected with care, from the late Sales in New York, they flatter themselves, they can offer inducements, making it worthy the attention of dealers generally. Among their Stock, will be found a
General Assortment of
Superfine Blue and Black Broad Cloths,
Kerseys and Sattinetts,
Brown and bleached Sheetings & Shirtings,
Sup. fancy and common Prints,
Red, white, and green Flannels,
Point, duffle, and rose Blankets,
Tickings and Checks,
Domestic Plaids and Stripes,
Plain and figured Book Muslins,
Plain and figured Cambric Muslins,
5-4 and 6-4 Jackonett Muslins,
Swiss Collars and Capes,
Bobbinett and cotton Laces,
Dunstable and Leghorn Bonnets,
Balls Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.
Together with a very great variety of Articles, too numerous to particularize in an advertisement.
HALL & JOHNSON.
Fayetteville, Nov. 12, 1832. 6-tf

THE SUBSCRIBERS

ARE now receiving direct from N. York, their Fall supply of GROCERIES, which comprises a very general assortment of every article in their line.—Their stock will in part comprise the following articles, viz.
38 hhds. P. Rico, 20 bbls. loaf and lump } SUGARS,
30 hhds. prime retailing Molasses,
10 ½ chests Imperial, 14 ¼ do. Gunpowder and Hyson } TEAS,
165 bags prime green, 20 bbls. do do. } COFFEE,
120 ps. heavy 42 inch Cotton Bagging,
100 coils Bale Rope,
42 bags Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
55 boxes Tin Plate,
85 boxes Window Glass,
250 kegs cut Nails,
60 tons Swedes and English Iron,
15 bundles hoop and band Iron,
16 ditto German and cast Steel,
150 bags Shot, assorted Nos.
2000 lbs. bar Lead,
75 kegs Dupont's Powder,
3 ceroons Spanish Flotant Indigo,
5 hhds. green Copperas,
60 kegs White Lead,
20 bbls. Tanner's and Lamp Oil,
20 doz. grass and bramble Scythe Blades,
10 do. patent rivetted and Cutting Knives,
Liverpool and Alum Salt.
With a general assortment of Patent Medicines, Hatter's Materials, &c. &c.
HALL & JOHNSON.
Fayetteville, Nov. 12, 1832. 6tf.

Wine.

10 Quarter Casks sweet Malaga WINE,
10 do do Lisbon do.
Now landing, for sale by
A. KIMBALL.
November 13 §6-tf.§

Specific for Ague and Fever.

THOMAS'S INDIAN MEDICAMENTUM,
AN infallible remedy for Ague and Fever, and all diseases of the stomach, arising from bile. Experience, the surest and most convincing teacher, has most satisfactorily proved the efficacy of this medicine, as a remedy for the above named diseases.
It has frequently been tried, in long standing cases of Ague and Fever, and has been attended with success. If resorted to on the first attack of the Ague, one dose is sufficient.
Patients who use this medicine, will not find themselves, while using it, under the necessity of changing their ordinary diet, or suspending their attention to business.
When the stomach is surcharged with bile, one dose of the **MEDICAMENTUM** gives relief, as it cleanses the stomach of all morbid humours and prevents all predispcsition to head-ache, indigestion and fevers, it will be found to be one of the most useful and convenient Spring and Fall purgatives that can be resorted to.
For sale by
THOMAS COCHRAN,
North East corner of Market Square

To the Public.

THE Subscribers do most cheerfully recommend *THOMAS'S INDIAN MEDICAMENTUM*, for Agues and Fevers, having suffered much from that distressing complaint and found no permanent relief until they made use of that Medicine. It is perfectly safe and gives immediate relief when taken according to directions.
ARCH'D SMITH,
NEILL McNAIR,
CASWELL S. BRAY.
July 9th, 1832. 88-tf.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers have received, and are now opening, their Fall Supply of
DRY GOODS,
Hardware and Cutlery, Shoes, Hats, Cotton and Wool Cards, Groceries, Iron and Steel, Nails, &c.
Which they offer at Wholesale and Retail, at a small advance.
NOTT & STARR.
Nov. 6—5-6w

Thirty Dollars Reward,

FOR apprehending and delivering in Fayetteville Jail, my Negro man
SIMON,

Known as SIMON BLUE, who absconded on Thursday, the 19th of July last, without any provocation. It is supposed, he is lurking about Mr. Daniel McMillan's, who owns his wife, and lives about 14 miles South-west of this place. SIMON is about 40 years old, six feet high, with a very long foot, has relations, (the property of Mr. Wilkison Robeson, Robeson county, and Mr. Kelly's, in Moore county,) which places he may probably visit.
H. CAMPBELL.
Fayetteville, N. C. Nov. 13. 6-3m

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having commenced the above business, solicits a share of patronage. All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business appertaining to a general Commission Agency.
DANIEL DICKSON.
Wilmington, N. C. Sept. 21*st* 1832. 99-tf.

FISH.

20 Boxes prime Cod FISH.
For sale by A. KIMBALL.
November 13. ‖6-tf.‖

Travelling Trunks and Bags.

JUST received an assortment of Leather TRAVELLING TRUNKS and BAGS.
For sale by
A. KIMBALL.
November 13. §6-tf.§

TAKEN UP

AND committed to the jail of this County, on the 8th inst. a negro Boy who calls himself **TOM**—about 20 years of age and says he belongs to James Wright of Cheraw, S. C. He has a scar on forehead and nose, occasioned he says by a fall from a race horse. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be dealt with as the law directs.
FREDERICK MOORE, *Jailer.*
Fayetteville, Nov. 13. ‖6-tf.‖

TAKEN UP

AND committed to the Jail of this County, a dark mulatto Negro Man, who says his name is Wm. Freeman, and that he is a free man. He is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, 23 or 25 years of age. He has since acknowledged that his name is DEMPS, and that he belongs to Sam. Shaw of Wake County. The owner is notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away.
FREDERICK MOORE, *Jailer.*
Fayetteville, Nov. 13. 6tf.

State of South Carolina.
SUMTER DISTRICT.—*IN EQUITY.*

William S. Boyd, *et al.* v. John Boyd, *et al.* Ex'rs of Margaret Sims, dec'd. } *Bill for a Legacy, &c.*

MARGARET SIMS, late of Clarendon County, in the said District and State, Widow, lately died, leaving her last Will and Testament, by which she bequeathed one half of her Negroes, subject to a legacy to the Children of her Sisters, Agness McDonald, Elizabeth Gray and Mary Butler, formerly Mary Cooper:—These persons are unknown to the Executors, and that Court has ordered the sale of the Negroes allotted to them. The Children of the said named Ladies are hereby notified, that on proving their relationship on or before the 20th February, 1833, the Court will order the balance of the proceeds of sale to be paid to them agreeable to their legal rights. The above Ladies formerly resided near Fayetteville, North Carolina. Their relations are requested to extend to them this notice, if their residence are known. By order of the Court.
JOHN B. MILLER,
Commissioner in Equity.
Sumterville, S. C., Sept. 5, 1832. 97-13t.

N. C. Law Books.

HAYWOOD'S REPORTS, 2d Edition,
Do. Manual,
Revisal of the Laws of N. Carolina,
Potter's Justice,
Militia Laws,
For sale by
E. J. HALE.

North Carolina Legislature.

IN SENATE.

Thursday, Nov. 22.

On motion of Mr. Montgomery of Hertford

Resolved, That the committee on education and the literary fund, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of establishing by law, a central school in the State of North Carolina, for the purpose of educating and preparing instructors of elementary schools for their profession.

The different subjects embraced in the Governor's Message, were, on motion, referred to the appropriate Standing or Select Committees.

Mr Martin presented the following preamble and resolutions, which were read, laid on the table, and ordered to be printed, viz:

Whereas questions of deep and vital importance to the future welfare of our common country, are under consideration in some of the southern states, it is therefore believed to be the duty of this General Assembly, as the representatives of the free people of North Carolina, respectfully to make known our sentiments, and, as we believe, the sentiments of our constituents, on the present interesting crisis of our internal affairs.

I. *Therefore Resolved*, That this General Assembly continues to cherish a sacred attachment to the Constitution of the United States, and consider the advantages of the Federal Union in sustaining our civil institutions, and perpetuating our liberties, to be incalculable: That we deprecate the doctrine of Nullification as founded on principles subversive of the Constitution, and as having a direct tendency, if practically enforced, to sever the bonds which now unite us together, as one great and powerful Republic.

II. *Resolved further*, That we still rely on the wisdom and integrity of the constituted authorities of the General Government, and confidently look to their patriotism for ultimate redress of all our real grievances; and as the States are prohibited by the Constitution from entering into alliances, compacts, or agreements among themselves, and being aware of the excitement and sectional feeling which already pervades the country to a fearful extent; this General Assembly, under existing circumstances, deprecate the policy of a Southern Carolina Convention.

III. *Resolved*, That the Governor be, and he is hereby requested to forward a copy of these Resolutions to the President of the United States, and to the Executive of each of the States of this Confederacy.

Friday, Nov. 23.

The engrossed resolution respecting the decease of Charles Carroll of Carrollton, was received from the Commons, read the first time and passed, and being read the second time,

Mr. Montgomery, of Orange, moved to amend it, by adding the following, to wit:

Resolved, That a copy of the above resolution be transmitted, by his Excellency the Governor of N. Carolina, to the representatives of the deceased for his family.

Which was agreed to, and the resolution read the second and third times as amended, and passed.

Mr. Martin gave notice that he should on Wednesday next ask leave to introduce a bill to establish a Bank to be styled the "Bank of North Carolina."

Saturday, Nov. 24.

Mr Hoke presented the petition of sundry citizens of the County of Lincoln, praying the passage of an act, to divide the three western Judicial circuits into four, and to appoint an additional Circuit Court Judge, to aid in holding said Courts; which was read and referred to a select committee.

The Senate proceeded to ballot for Secretary of State, which resulted in the election of William Hill, the present incumbent.

Mr. Wilson presented the following resolution which was read and laid on the table, viz:

Resolved, by the General Assembly of the State of N. Carolina, That the present Session be closed by the adjournment of the two Houses, by their respective Speakers, on the 20th day of December, 1832.

Mr. Leak, presented the following preamble and resolutions; which were read, laid on the table, and ordered to be printed, to wit:

Whereas questions of deep and increasing importance now agitate some of our sister states, growing out of the exercise of powers which are supposed to belong to the General Government, on the one hand, and of the rights which are said to appertain to the states on the other. And whereas an expression of opinion on the part of this Legislature seems to be called for, that silence may not be construed into a virtual acquiescence of the powers claimed for the General Government, nor yet as being indifferent to the consequences which necessarily flow from the enforcement of Nullification:

Be it therefore Resolved, as the opinion of this Legislature, That while we disapprove the doctrine of Nullification as unconstitutional, violent, and of a revolutionary tendency, we are nevertheless feelingly alive to the cause which has given rise to it.

II. *Resolved further*, That the powers which have been ceded by the States to the General Government were delegated in trust for the accomplishment of certain limited and defined objects; and that any exercise of those powers to foster manufactures directly, is viewed by this Legislature as a violation of the spirit of the Federal compact.

III. *Resolved further*, That while we deprecate the doctrine of Nullification, as being wild and visionary in theory, dangerous and violent in practice, we at the same time cannot but consider a Tariff of duties, looking to protection (as does the present) as an unwarrantable assumption of power.

IV. *Resolved further*, That we still rely on the wisdom and integrity of the constituted authorities of the General Government, and confidently look to their patriotism and love of union for ultimate redress of all our grievances.

V. *Resolved further*, That we recognize in the Tariff of the 7th of June, 1832, a modification of duties, both in the "gross and in the detail," and behold it as an entering wedge, which shall ultimately fritter down the duties to a revenue point.

VI. *Resolved*, That the Governor be, and he is hereby requested to forward a copy of these Resolutions to the President of the United States, and to the Executive of each of the States of this Confederacy,

Monday, Nov. 26.

The Speaker laid before the Senate, a communication from Joseph Gales, Esq., Commissioner appointed under a Resolution of the last General Assembly for collecting and arranging the printed Laws and Journals of the State, to supply the place of those destroyed by the fire, accompanied by such number of copies as he had been able to procure; which was referred to the Committee on the Library.

Mr. Dobson presented a bill, vesting the right of electing Clerks of the Superior and County Courts of this State in the free white men thereof; which was read the first time, passed and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Wilson introduced a Resolution to authorize the Committee of Finance to burn such treasury notes as are now, or may be in the public treasury, by the 15th December; which was read the first time and amended, and was then read the second and third times, passed and ordered to be engrossed.

The Resolutions disapproving the doctrine of Nullification, being read the first time and passed, was on motion of Mr. Martin, referred to a committee of the whole House and made the order of the day for Friday week next.

Tuesday, Nov. 27.

Mr. Allen presented a bill to erect a new county out of a portion of the counties of Burke and Buncombe, by the name of Yancey. Read the first time.

Wednesday, Nov. 28.

Mr. Parker, from the select Committee on the subject, reported a bill to exempt from taxation the lands upon which Henry Humphreys has erected a Cotton Factory, together with the labourers employed therein.

Mr. Martin presented a Bill to establish the Bank of North Carolina.

Mr. Seawell, a bill to authorise the County Court of Wake to lay a tax for building a substantial fire-proof Court House, or a substantial fire-proof Office, for the safe keeping of the public records of the county.

Mr. Seawell, a bill to incorporate the Experimental Rail Road Company of Raleigh.

Mr. Allen, a bill concerning the Supreme Court. (Provides for the appointment of a 4th Judge.) These bills passed their first reading.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Thursday, November 22.

The Speaker appointed the following committees, viz:

Committee on the Judiciary.—Messrs. Pearson, Eccles, O'Brien, Sumner, Bragg, Dews, Courts and Daniel.

Committee on Finance.—Messrs. Polk, Skinner, Gary, Mangum, G. A. Thompson, Emmit, Waddill and Parker.

Mr. Pearson submitted the following resolution, which was read the first, second and third times, passed, ordered to be engrossed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Resolved unanimously, by the Senate and House of Commons of the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, That it is with feelings of profound regret that they have received the intelligence of the death of Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, the last of that band of Patriots and Sages who proclaimed the independence of the United States of America, and pledged for its support "their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor," and that this General Assembly, with the people whom they represent, cherish a deep veneration for the virtues, the services, and the character of the deceased, and sympathise with his family, his friends, and his country, in the bereavement which all have sustained.

Mr. F. A. Sawyer presented the petition of Abner H. Grandy, praying that the seat of Benjamin H. Harrison, one of the sitting members from the county of Camden, may be vacated; which was referred to the committee of Privileges and Elections.

The Governor's Message was referred to different committees.

Friday, November 23.

The Speaker appointed the following committees, viz:

On the subject of re-organizing the congressional districts: Messrs. Sumner, Pearson, Bragg, Eccles and Potts.

Messrs. Outlaw, Hill and McQueen were appointed the joint select committee on the Library, on the part of the Commons.

Messrs. Ziglar, Ledford, Bonner, Arrington and Marsteller were appointed a committee on Military Affairs, on the part of the Commons, in compliance with a proposition from the Senate.

Saturday, November 24.

Mr. O'Brien, from the committee on Privileges and Elections, reported unfavorably to the petition of Abner H. Grandy, and recommended a rejection of the petition; which was concurred in.

Mr. Bonner presented a Bill fixing a uniform mode of assessment of real estate with the improvements thereon; which was read the first time and passed, and referred to the Committee on Finance, and ordered to be printed.

Monday, Nov. 26.

Agreeable to notice, the House proceeded to ballot for Public Printer, which, after three ballotings resulting as follows:

For Charles R. Ramsay,	-	93
For Lawrence & Lemay,	-	80
Scattering,	- - -	10

Mr. Bonner introduced a resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the punishment of *branding*, which was rejected.

Mr. O'Brien presented a bill to vest the right of electing the Clerks of the County and Superior Courts in this State, in the free white men thereof, and Mr. Saintclair a bill to exempt from execution a portion of the land of the citizens of North Carolina, which bills were read the first time, passed, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Pearson presented a Resolution that a message be sent to the Senate, proposing to raise a joint Select Committee on the subject of a Convention: which was read the first time and passed.

On motion of Mr. S. T. Sawyer,

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to communicate for the information of this House, the number of Indians resident in this State, together with the extent of territory they occupy, the character of their laws and form of Government, their habits and pursuits, the nature and design of the aggressions committed upon that region of country, by some of the citizens of Georgia and other states; and whether by the laws of the State any authority is vested in the Executive to repel such aggressions and to protect said Indians and territory.

Mr. Clayton presented a bill to erect out of a portion of the counties of Burke and Buncombe a separate and distinct county by the name of *Yancey;* which was read the first time and passed, and referred to a select committee consisting of Messrs. Clayton, Burgin, Mangum, Borden and Dockery.

Mr. Long introduced a bill, making an appropriation and appointing commissioners for the re-building the Capitol in the city of Raleigh; which was read the first time, passed and ordered to be printed.

Tuesday, November 27.

On motion of Mr. McNeill,

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the Militia laws as to exempt persons who have held commissions for five years and discharged the duties assigned them faithfully, from the performance of military duty afterwards, except in cases of invasion or insurrection.

On motion of Mr. Gee, the Committee on Military Affairs were instructed to inquire into the expediency of having the Militia Laws revised, printed and distributed to all the Militia and Volunteer Officers in the State; also to inquire into the expediency of appointing two other subaltern officers to each Volunteer and Militia Company.

On motion of Mr. L. Thompson, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to raise a joint select Committee on Banks and the future disposition of Bank Stock belonging to the State.

Mr. Samuel T. Sawyer presented a bill defining and limiting the power of Courts in inflicting punishments for contempts. Read and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Wednesday, Nov. 28.

Mr. Wiseman presented a bill to amend an act passed in 1822, for the relief of debtors for debts which may be contracted after the first of May next.

Mr. Gary amending the several Acts of Assembly, incorporating the Roanoke and Cape Fear Navigation Companies; and prescribing the mode for enforcing the collection of tolls.

Mr. Park, a bill to incorporate the Anson Dragoons.

Mr. Watson, a bill making compensation to tales jurors in the county of Robeson.

Mr. McQueen a bill to incorporate the Haywood Boating Company.

Mr. Lancaster submitted a Resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of compelling Executors and Administrators of Insolvent Estates to make *pro rata* payments of all claims against the estates of their testator or intestate.

STATE LEGISLATURE.—This body is now fairly under way, having appointed their various Committees and carved out sufficient work to keep them busily employed. We have rarely known such a mass of important matter before the Legislature at so early a period, and there seems a greater disposition to hasten on important Elections than usual. Indeed, a proposition to adjourn *sine die* on the 15th of December, is now before the Senate, but this is, of course, out of the question. It is an evidence however, of the desire which exists for a short session.—*Ral. Reg.*

FROM THE RALEIGH STAR.

CAUCUS! CAUCUS!! CAUCUS!!!

Citizens of North Carolina, awake! An invasion of your liberties is threatened; and as public sentinels, we should be recreant to our trust, did we not promptly sound the tocsin of alarm. There are those at the seat of government, who are seeking to load the people with chains, by corrupting their government, and bringing them under the surveillance of the Albany Regency. An insidious and artful attempt has been made by some skulking birds of the night, owl-like beings, who dare not show their faces in open day to their fellow men, to dupe the Legislature of North Carolina—to draw it, by the mere force of a *name*, into that filthy vortex of political corruption, the ☞caucussing system. The subjoined notice, which might be used as an excellent "springe to catch woodcocks," will illustrate our meaning. Its object was to prevent a free and unbiassed expression of the will of the Legislature, and palm upon the people *nolens volens*, in the Gubernatorial Chair, a parasite and minion of the Kinderhook Magician. But, thanks to the virtue and intelligence of their Representatives, the nefarious project utterly failed. It was ascertained, long before the appointed hour of meeting, that a large majority of the Members indignantly spurned the invitation; and the caucus men were ashamed to show themselves. They are too indefatigable, however, to flag under this abortion. What they cannot carry by storm, they will attempt by mining. Let the people, therefore, be on the alert; let them keep a vigilant watch.

The following is the handbill that was circulated among the members:

"*To the republican Members of the N. C. Legislature.*—Inasmuch as there appears to be a difference of opinion existing with regard to the individual who shall succeed Governor Stokes, as Chief Executive of the State, and as it is important that some person be elected, whose principles are in unison with the sentiments of a majority of the People: a meeting of the friends of the Union, and the supporters of JACKSON and VAN BUREN in the late Presidential election, is solicited at the Court House, *to-morrow evening, at 4 o'clock*, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of concentrating upon some person, whose attachment to the administration is unquestionable, and to put him in nomination.

Raleigh, Nov. 26, 1832."

From the Raleigh Constitutionalist.

BALL HUGHES AND THE STATUE.—We beg leave to solicit the attention of our Readers to the following letter from Ball Hughes, to the Editor of the New York Daily Advertiser, and compare it with the statement of his Excellency, Gov. Stokes, extracted from his recent message to the N. C. Legislature. It will be seen that either Mr. Hughes has resorted to falsehood, to justify his unpardonable conduct, which has been so properly commented upon by the editor of the Greensborough Patriot, or else our Governor is in error by stating that he refused to forward the casts of the Statue. Mr. Hughes likewise states in his letter to the Editor of the N. Y. Daily Advertiser that "it never was his intention to move the marble" while in a letter which we have before us directed to Mr. Alfred Waugh, his assistant, he requests Mr. Waugh to have packed up and sent to him "all the marble fragments" appertaining to the Statue and Pedestal. With these evidences of equivocation in Mr. Hughes, we are led to fear that he never contemplates executing his contract with the State. The confidence which we reposed in his ability to restore the Statue, and the very earnest and sanguine manner with which he commenced the undertaking, combined with the deep interest we felt in its restoration, induced us to speak in commendation of that gentleman as an artist—and congratulate the public in the prospect, of having this image of the Father of our Country, restored to its primitive beauty. And for some time after *Madam Rumor* had taken his character into keeping, we laboured to repel the imputations which his protracted absence subjected him to, under the firm conviction that he would fulfil his engagement; but we regret to state that our confidence in his faithful performance of the contract, has been greatly impaired. We are not singular in our judgment, and if Mr. Hughes has any regard for that reputation which gained for him the confidence of our Legislature and secured for him a Bonus of $2,800, he will return forthwith to his duties, instead of attempting to vindicate himself through the columns of a Newspaper, by prevarication.

We may be rather plain for the sensitive nerves of Mr. H. but our duty to the public leaves us no other alternative. We were slow to express our opinion upon the subject, in hopes that Mr. Hughes would redeem his character from the imputations which it was suffering under, but so far from answering our expectations in this respect, he has by a very equivocal course created a still more unfavorable impression.

To the Editors of the Daily Advertiser.

CANOVA'S STATUE OF WASHINGTON.

Messrs. Editors—I shall feel greatly obliged, if in justice to me you will insert the following, in answer to a statement which appeared in your paper of this morning under the above head, copied from the Raleigh Register, to the talented Editor of which I shall ever feel grateful, for the prompt manner in which he vindicated my character, from a base attack made by the Greensborough Patriot: which from the beginning to end I pronounce utterly destitute of truth, and the offspring no doubt of envy.

In addition to the statement of Mr. Gales, who has so correctly given some of the causes of my leaving Raleigh, I further say I never did receive three thousand dollars from the State of North Carolina, neither did I ever receive one dollar until I was strictly entitled to it, by my contract, or one cent until the same became honorably due to me according to such agreement: neither did I leave the city of Raleigh, until the utmost satisfaction was expressed by his Excellency the Governor, his honor the Mayor, and other distinguished citizens of that place, of the progress of the work in question: I never did bind myself to restore the whole of the work there, although it never was, or is it now, my intention to remove the marble: finding it necessary however to restore the casts in this city, I have requested their removal here, and have the pleasure to state, that his Excellency in a letter which I have received from him a day or two since, assures me they shall be sent as soon as a competent person shall arrive to pack them: when they reach this city it will afford me great happiness to submit them to you or any of my friends who may desire to see them, as also my contract for the Statue, which will of itself, prove the correctness of what I here assert.

BALL HUGHES.

New York, Nov. 14th, 1832.

FROM THE RALEIGH STAR.

At a public meeting held at the Court House in Whitesville, Columbus County, N. C. convened by public notice, to take into consideration the political movements in South Carolina, Luke R. Simmons, Esq. being called to the Chair, and Mr. Chester Rockwell appointed Secretary, a committee of three, viz. Dr. J. Bernard, Josiah Powell and Augustus Smith, Esqrs. was appointed to draft resolutions.—The following preamble and resolutions were adopted by the meeting, one individual only dissenting:

Whereas a majority of the citizens of South Carolina, impelled by the influence of a few political Dictators, are about to array themselves in insidious hostility against the Laws and Constitution of the United States, and thereby assuming an awful responsibility, to which they must inevitably become the victims; and whereas we would unite with them in their endeavors to abolish a protective Tariff, by every mode consistent with the integrity of the Union, and obedience to the laws of the land; yet, from the hostile attitude they have assumed, and their disregard for our inimitable Federal Constitution, we must withhold from them our co-operation and our sympathies:

Resolved, That we do reprobate the agency through which a large portion of the citizens of South Carolina have become disaffected towards the General Government.

Resolved, That we consider Nullification as disguised hostility towards the General Government, conjured up by the declining popularity of an ambitious few, and imposed on the credulity of the multitude.

Resolved, That we will adhere with fond attachment, to the Free Institutions of our happy country, and condemn every attempt made (disregarding the motives and the agents,) to violate them.

LUKE R. SIMMONS, *Chairm'n.*

CHESTER ROCKWELL, *Sec'y.*

The Cholera has appeared among the *Indians* of the Northwest. The Galenian of the 24th ult. says, under a postscript:

"Just as our paper was going to press, a gentleman arrived from Rock Island, from whom we learn that the Cholera is raging among the Sacs and Foxes. Among the victims already fallen a prey to its ravages, is KE-O-KUCK, their newly CROWNED, and renowned Chief."

The death of Ke-okuck is a source of deep regret to all who knew him. He was the great Orator of the Sacs, and participated in the late *great Talk* of the Northwest Indians, replied to General Scott with great ability and eloquence, and contributed to make the Treaty. The General pronounces him one of the most distinguished Orators, and the most accomplished Indian, he had ever seen.—He was presented with a handsome Medal by General Scott—and hence probably the expression, "*newly crowned.*"—*Richmond Enquirer.*

From the Huntsville (Ala.) Advertiser of 10th inst.

DISTRESSING OCCURRENCE.—Wm. Lewis a planter of this county, was, on Monday night last, shot in the Bar Room of the Bell tavern in this place by J. G. Perry, whilst in the act of attempting to strike the latter with a chair. This is the third homicide that has been committed in this county within a few weeks, independently of the attempt made to assassinate one of our townsmen on the public square. How long these scenes of violence and bloodshed will continue to stil this fair country, God only knows.

Davy Crocket's last.—Crocket at one of the President's Levees at Washington last winter, was offered an Ice. After tasting it, he whispered to a gentleman near him, "The cream is very sweet, but how mortified the General would be if he knew it was *frozen.*"

NOTICE.

JUST received, per Steam Boat Henrietta, the following Goods:

5 hhds prime Sugar,
8 bbls Tanners' Oil,
1 hhd best Winter Lamp Oil,
20 kegs White Lead, in Oil,
200 lbs Dry Do.
20 boxes 8x10 Window Glass,
2 tons Castings, assorted, some large Pots and Kettles, Wagon Boxes, &c.
1 Ceroon best Spanish Indigo,
Spanish Brown, Epsom and Glauber Salts,
Ginger, Madder, Camphor &c.

JONES FULLER.

Nov. 27, 1832. 8-tf

From the Journal of Commerce.

TO ALL DISUNIONISTS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES:—Listen to the voice of *Lafayette!* a man who has hazarded his life for the good of our country; who has no private interests to subserve, and no sectional feelings to bias his judgment. The following letter from this Veteran Apostle of Liberty was received by an American citizen, recently returned from Europe, the day before he sailed. We copy it from the New York Observer:—

"LA GRANGE, SEPT. 27th, 1832.

"Upon you, my dear Sir, I much depend to give our friends in the United States a proper explanation of the state of things in Europe. You have been very attentive to what has passed since the Revolution of 1830. Much has been obtained here, and in other parts of Europe, in this whirlwind of a week. Further consequences, here and in other countries, Great Britain and Ireland included,—will be the certain result; although they have been injured and betrayed, where they ought to have received encouragement. But it will not be so short and so cheap as we had a right to anticipate it might be. I think it useful, on both sides of the water, to dispel the clouds which ignorance or design may throw over the real state of European and French politics.

"In the meantime, I believe it to be the duty of every American, returned home, to let his fellow citizens know what ill-natured handle is made of the violent collisions, threats of a separation, and reciprocal abuse, to injure the character and question the stability of Republican Institutions. I have too much confidence in the patriotism and good sense of the several parties in the United States, to be afraid that dissensions may terminate in a final dissolution of the Union;—*but should such an event be destined in future to take place, deprecated as it has been by the last wishes of the departed Founders of the Revolution*, WASHINGTON *at their head*, IT OUGHT, AT LEAST, IN CHARITY NOT TO TAKE PLACE BEFORE THE PERIOD (not now to mote) WHEN EVERY ONE OF THOSE WHO HAVE FOUGHT AND BLED IN THE CAUSE SHALL HAVE JOINED THEIR CONTEMPORARIES.

"Most truly and affectionately your friend,

"LAFAYETTE."

FROM THE RHODE ISLAND AMERICAN.

A CARD.

To the Editor of the Providence American:

SIR:—The National Intelligencer of the 16th inst. which has just been handed to me at this place, informs me that my name has been presented in your paper in reference to the election of President in 18—7. It is proper, I think, that I should, without delay, place my own views of the subject before you and request that they may be made public for the information of those who may take an interest in them. I consider the nomination which I accepted as having been finally disposed of by the recent election, and the sentiment of deference which, under the circumstances of the case, led me to yield my own wishes to those of a portion of my fellow citizens in presenting to that nomination, now binds me with increased obligation to acquiesce in the decision of the whole which has been made upon it. The question of re-nomination is a new question, on which I must expect to be heard, if it should be thought expedient to make it, at a time proper for its consideration. That time, I think, is not the present. The election is too far off, and the future too entirely unknown to permit me to judge of what it may, hereafter, be proper to do.

Should the question ever be put for my decision I shall answer it according to my sense of my duty as a citizen of the U. States.—I knew of no legitimate purpose of such a nomination, but the election of a President for the common good and happiness of the country. In my former letter of acceptance I said distinctly that I could never consent to be the President of a party, and the same sentiment will continue to influence me in any future decision I may be called to make upon this subject. Meantime there are other subjects of fearful magnitude that press themselves on the immediate attention of the patriot, and demand all his solicitude. The Union itself is in danger, and the signs of the times render it problematical whether it may be the will of Heaven that we shall ever have another Presidential Election under the present Constitution of the U. States. I pretend to no right to control the press in the selection of its topics. But I may rightfully desire to have it understood that, at such a time as this, and under the circumstances of public anxiety and alarm that surround us, I take no pleasure, but the reverse, in seeing my name the renewed subject of newspaper discussion, for a purpose so remote and contingent.

I am sensible of the favorable regard which, I have no doubt, prompted your article, and am grateful for it. But I should lose all self-respect, if at such a time, and under such circumstances, I could be thinking of myself, or sanction, by my silence, what seems to me so very unseasonable an obtrusion of my name on the consideration of the public.

There is already far too much of exasperated feeling among our people, from other causes of immediate and unavoidable pressure. The efforts of every friend of his country should be directed to the great purpose of conciliation and peace. Instead therefore of opening a new source of excitement by the premature discussion of the subject of the next election, I am more disposed to unite in an endeavor to shut up those other fountains that are already sending out their bitter waters so freely among us, and to see if it be not possible to bring back something like that state of great and disinterested love of country and fraternal concord, in which the war of the revolution left us, and the Federal Constitution found us. It was that auspicious state of things that made the introduction of free Government so easy, and its action hitherto so prosperous. I indulge in no romantic expectation of the return of that golden age. But, unless something effectual can be done to allay the agitation that has already arisen, and bring our people to a kinder state of feeling and a more harmonious action, it requires no great stretch of political sagacity to see that our institutions will rush to speedy ruin.

At such a time, and in such a state of things, I must be excused from any agency, express or tacit, in the premature agitation of the question of the next election of President.

WM. WIRT.

Annapolis, Nov. 17th, 1832.

Meetings have been held in *Pennsylvania* in Delaware county, in Luzerne, Erie, Berks, Montgomery, Dauphin, and at Pittsburg, recommending to the Electors not to throw away their vote upon Mr. Wilkins, but to unite with the great body of the Party in electing Mr. Van Buren as Vice President.

SHIPWRECK.—The schooner Henrietta, Capt. Douglas, of Newbern, was dismasted on the 25th ult. and went ashore about 50 miles south of Cape Canaveral, Florida, while on her return voyage from St. Domingo. All on board were saved, with the exception of the Captain who was drowned in consequence of having 500 dollars in specie tied about his waist which prevented his swimming when the boat in which they attempted to reach the shore was swamped.—*Ral. Star.*

CONTARINI FLEMING, A PSYCHOLOGICAL AUTO-BIOGRAPHY, BY THE AUTHOR OF VIVIAN GREY, &c.—2 *vols. 8 vo.*—This, the last of Mr. d'Israeli's novels which has appeared in England, will be republished here to-morrow. It has been read in that country with absorbing interest, and is replete with the beauties and eccentricities which mark the author's productions.—*N. Y. Enquirer.*

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE:

TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 4, 1832.

The following playful *dun*, from a northern paper, is so exactly applicable to our own case, that we cannot resist the temptation to copy it, for what virtue there is in it."

☞Our subscribers who are in arrears will be good enough to feel in their pockets for a little 'change' for the printers. We have no treasury pap, no patronage of office to rely upon; we look to our indefatigable subscribers chiefly for the "needful." Our expenses are to be increased by new type and a larger paper; present debts must be paid to the paper maker and the bank. These have to be met promptly upon as due; yet we have subscribers who let their accounts run two, three, four and five years behind hand, while we have to pay bank interest for money. Come up the old scores then, and let us have deposits for not debts, in the Bank, and in return we will tell you "the truth, and nothing but the truth," however unpalatable, as fast as we can find it out.

The County Court of Cumberland is now in session, the following Magistrates presiding: Josiah Evans, G. Deming, Hector Stuart, D. McCormick, and Wm. Ray, Esqrs.

On Saturday last, the Honorable David L. Swain, Judge of the Superior Court, was elected Governor of this State, for the ensuing year. This choice will be highly gratifying to the people; for we believe there is no man of Judge Swain's age in the State, who stands higher in their estimation, for talents, integrity, and patriotism. He has risen, too, and deservedly rapidly, entirely by the force of his own genius and character. The many evidences of confidence bestowed upon such a man, are as honorable to the Legislature as to him.

His election creates a vacancy on the Bench, which will probably be filled in a few days.

Louisiana has given a decided majority for the Jackson Electoral Ticket—the New Orleans *Bee* of the 15th inst. states it to be 1592.

Rhode Island has chosen the Clay Electors, by a considerable majority.

In Vermont, the Anti-Masonic Ticket is elected by 2 or 3000 votes.

In Indiana, Missouri, Alabama, Illinois and Mississippi, the Jackson Tickets are elected.

The whole number of votes in New York was 323,378; of which the Jackson majority is 15,550.

Sum Total of Electoral Votes.	
For Jackson,	219
For Clay,	51
For Wirt,	7
South Carolina vote blank,	11
	288
Jackson's excess over a majority,	74
His plurality over Clay,	168

Mr. Calhoun.—Some of the Northern papers discredit the report that Mr. Calhoun is about to resign his office of Vice President.—We have heard from so many sources that we do not doubt the fact, that it is perfectly well understood in South Carolina, that Mr. Hayne will be chosen Governor, and that the vacancy thereby caused in the Senate, will be filled by the election of Mr. Calhoun. He will be a powerful antagonist of Messrs. Clay and Webster.

Since the above was in type, we learn from the Charleston papers, that Mr. Hayne was unanimously nominated for Governor by a Legislative Caucus, and immediately accepted the nomination.

Sixty-two miles of the Charleston and Hamburg Rail Road have been completed, and are now used for transportation.

Civic Honors.—The Freedom of the City of New York was conferred upon Mr. Van Buren, in a gold box, on Wednesday last, by the Mayor of the City, pursuant to a resolution of the Corporation, in the presence of the assembled Councils and a large concourse of citizens.

Mode of choosing Electors.—There is no State in the Union which has so frequently and so earnestly expressed its preference for a uniform mode of choosing Electors of President and Vice President, as North Carolina. Some years ago, not a session of Congress passed without a proposition to amend the Constitution in that respect being made by some one of our members. But all their efforts were unavailing. The requisite majority of two-thirds could not be obtained. In addition to the reasons heretofore existing, another has been added by the results of the late election, of great force. The Pennsylvania election took place several days before that of New York and New Jersey; long enough to enable the people of the latter States to ascertain the result. There is every reason to believe that that result changed the vote of New Jersey, at least, if not of New York, by its effect upon the hopes of the two parties. In the present case, it could make no difference in the final result; but it might hereafter make a man President contrary to the deliberate wishes of a majority of the people. Let the Legislatures of the different States, therefore, renew their exertions to procure an amendment of the Constitution, making the election uniform as to time and mode; say on a given day throughout the Union, by the people, and by Districts.

The Address of the Convention of South Carolina to the People of the United States, from the pen of Mr. McDuffie, will claim as early an insertion in our columns as possible. In the mean time we will say, that it is eloquent beyond any of the productions of this great man, setting forth the grievances under which they labor in strong, too strong colours; and asserting their determination to free themselves, *at every hazard*, from their state of vassalage.

Correction.—In publishing the election returns of this State, in our last, in the hurry of putting the paper to press, an error occurred in the aggregate number of votes stated to have been given to the several candidates.—The vote of the State stands correctly as follows: For Jackson and Van Buren 21,006; Jackson and Barbour, 4255; Clay and Seargeant, 4533.—*Ral. Star.*

South Carolina.—The following is the conclusion of Gov. Hamilton's Message to the Legislature, on Wednesday last. His recommendations of active and extensive preparations for war, will be looked at with not less of grief than astonishment; and by them he has placed himself in an attitude which in any other government than ours, would most assuredly draw down the penalties of high treason. But the reader may draw his own conclusions—the following is the extract:

Fellow Citizens! The die has been at last cast, and South Carolina has at length appealed to her ulterior sovereignty as a member of this confederacy, and has planted herself upon her reserved rights.

The rightful exercise of this power is not a question which we shall any longer argue. It is sufficient that she has willed it, and that the act is done; nor is its strict compatibility with our constitutional obligation to all laws passed by the General Government, within the authorized grants of power, to be drawn in question, when this interposition is exerted in a case in which the compact has been palpably, deliberately, and dangerously violated.

That it brings up a conjuncture of deep and momentous interest, is neither to be concealed, nor denied. This crisis presents a class of duties which is referable to yourselves. You have been commanded by the people in their highest sovereignty to take care that within the limits of this State their will shall be obeyed. They have armed you with the requisite authority, and on the wisdom, firmness, and forecast with which you discharge these duties, will depend the tranquility, peace, liberty and happiness of our beloved State. Obedience to necessary laws flowing from a legitimate source of public right, is the best security to social order and civil freedom. To leave this obedience to the voluntary suggestions of public duty or private conscience, or to feeble and defective enactments, in the end leads to the necessity of extreme rigor, or it brings all just authority into derision and contempt. The measure of legislation which you have to employ at this crisis is the precise amount of such enactments as may be necessary to render it utterly impossible to collect within our limits the duties imposed by the protective tariffs thus nullified. That you will resort to such civil and penal provisions as will accomplish this purpose without unnecessary rigor on the one hand, or a weak and mistaken leniency on the other, I feel so well assured, that I shall refrain from entering into a detail of suggestions on a subject on which you are so much better advised than myself. That you should arm every citizen with a civil process by which he may claim, if he pleases, a restitution of his goods seized under the existing imposts on his giving security to abide the issue of a suit at law, and at the same time, define what shall constitute treason against the State, and by a bill of pains and penalties compel obedience, and punish disobedience to your own laws, are points too obvious to require any discussion. In one word, you must survey the whole ground. You must look to, and provide for all possible contingencies. In your own limits, your own courts of judicature must not only be supreme, but you must look to the ultimate issue of any conflict of jurisdiction and power between them and the courts of the United States

There is one contingency in particular for which you ought to provide, and that is in case the collectors of the customs in any one of the ports of this State, under the instructions of the General Government, should refuse to grant clearances to vessels outward bound, that no injury should accrue to our trade or to those who may be carrying on friendly commercial intercourse with us, the Governor should, under such circumstances, be authorized to grant instantly certificates of clearance under the seal of the State.

An enlightened forecast will not however permit you to stop here. Remember that ours is emphatically a country paying an habitual reverence to the laws. As little must be left to the discretion of the Executive as possible. Every conjuncture must be anticipated by your own enactments.

From these Legislative provisions let me now pass to the consideration of consequences, I trust, of a remote and improbable occurrence. We claim that our remedy is essentially of a pacific character.—When we set up this claim, all we mean to say, is that, of right, it ought to be, and, as far as we are concerned, it shall be so. To the peaceful redress afforded by our courts in the restitution which they shall decree, and to the ultimate arbitrament of our sister States, in a general convention assembled, on the disputed power, we look with confidence for an adjustment of this painful controversy. But the final issue may be adverse to this hope.

Threats of coercion, we know were once, in relation to the probable measures of this State, officially promulged—and public rumor, to which it is not safe for those in charge of the public authorities to be absolutely deaf, has not diminished the conviction that these dispositions may probably be yet entertained—nor ought we, in a struggle like this, to rely entirely on the confidence, that power will not be used because right will be violated. We must be prepared for this alternative.

I would therefore recommend that our Militia system and its laws undergo a thorough revision; that the Executive be authorized to accept for the defence of Charleston and its dependencies, the services of two thousand volunteers, either by companies or files, as they may volunteer; and that they be formed into four Battalions of Infantry with one flank company of Riflemen attached to each Battalion, one squadron of cavalry, and two Battalions, one of field, and the other of heavy artillery; that these corps be organized in a legionary Brigade, and that the Executive from the precincts in which these volunteers are organized, select the officers of the appropriate rank for the several commands. I suggest the expediency of this Brigade being armed and equipped from the public Arsenals, completely for the field, and that appropriations may be made for supplying all deficiencies in our munitions of war.

In addition to these volunteer drafts, I deem it safe to recommend that the Executive be authorised also to accept the services of ten thousand volunteers from the other divisions of the State, to be organized and arranged in regiments and brigades, the officers to be selected by the commander in chief, and that this whole force be called *"the State Guard."*

That portion of our claims on the General Government which was payable in arms, amounting in value to $41,625 80, I have received in arms of various descriptions, but still some appropriations will be necessary to augment our supplies. Provision should likewise be made for mounting some of our heavy pieces of ordnance, and a fixed and annual appropriation be made for the artillery in Charleston, and in other parts of the State, according to their relative expenses.

I have ordered the Quarter master General and the arsenal keeper at Charleston, the latter an experienced officer of artillery, to repair to this place to attend in consultation, the committees of your respective bodies in reference to the condition of their several departments. I would moreover recommend that the President be requested to direct the removal of the U. S. troops now in garrison in the State citadel in Charleston, which they now occupy at the conjoint instance and request of the State and City authorities, as the accommodations of that post are much wanted for our arms and munitions. I would also suggest that after the citadel is thus returned to the State, and the public stores belonging to the State are desposited there, the Magazine guard be removed from the Neck to garrison this post, and that a daily guard be detached from it to the Magazine: that the guard be augmented to sixty men, and that the appointment of its officers and general disposition and organization be made under the orders and authority of the commander in chief.

I should consider myself, Gentlemen, as recreant to my trust, if I did not recommend to you these provisions, or the adoption of those of much wiser import which may suggest themselves to you, and which may be necessary to the public safety, and public honor, however improbable the contingency of their ever being required.

It is not enough that a people may be right in their struggle for their privileges and liberties, but they must have the means of securing their safety by ample resources for repelling force by force.

I cannot, however, but think that on a calm and dispassionate review by congress and the functionaries of the General Government, of the true merits of this controversy, the arbitration by the call of a convention of all the States, which we sincerely and anxiously seek and desire, will be accorded to us.

To resort to force is at once to prefer a dissolution of the Union to its preservation. South Carolina has declared that she admits of no arbiter but her co-States assembled with her in their sovereign capacity: to deny to her this reference, is to admit that our league has no conservative principle short of an appeal to the sword. To suppose when one of the most prominent of our objections to the protective system is its unconstitutionality, that this and the other vexatious and conflicting questions of constructive power which now convulse the whole country are not susceptible of compromise or adjustment in an assembly of equivalent authority to that which formed the constitution, is to affirm that that spirit of amity and justice without which the Union would be a revolting and compulsory league, is utterly extinct.

But be this as it may, whatever may be the issues of this unhappy controversy, relying on the intelligence and spirit of a free and gallant people, on the imperishable truth and sacred character of our right, let us advance with an unfaltering heart and steady step to the performance of our duty to our country.

On your deliberations I fervently invoke the blessings of Almighty God.

JAS. HAMILTON, Jr.

Columbia, Nov. 27, 1832.

The Legislature of Georgia is much engaged in disposing of the Indian Lands, without the consent, of course, of the rightful proprietors. A bill has been passed, to lay off their territory into ten additional counties—the whole having been divided into lots of different sizes, and now in a course of distribution, by lottery, among all the men, women, and children of the State. Another bill provides that where an Indian has improvements on two lots, he shall not be entitled to retain both, but may select one. It was opposed, not on the ground of its monstrous injustice, but because it would inevitably lead to collision between the State and Federal Governments, the President having distinctly said that he would protect the Indians' right of occupancy. In the course of debate it was remarked, that it was the obvious policy of the Indians to bring the State and the General Government into conflict, *and equally the policy of the State to avoid it.*

The following resolution passed unanimously:—

Resolved, That the measures pursued by the President of the United States, for the purpose of inducing the Cherokee Indians, to remove beyond the limits of Georgia, are in a high degree acceptable to this Legislature, and deserve the approbation of the people, as founded on the most liberal, just and generous policy.

Postscript.—A Resolution has passed, 102 to 51, expressing "abhorrence" of the doctrine of Nullification, as tending to civil commotion and disunion.

Resolutions inviting the Southern States to unite with Georgia in a Southern Convention, have also passed, 97 to 57.

The Cabinet.—The Philadelphia Chronicle says, it is informed by a gentleman acquainted with Cabinet secrets, that Maj. Barry intends to resign the office of Post Master General; and that it was generally believed, Col. R. M. Johnson would be his successor.

It is understood that Mr. Barry has already disposed of his household establishment, preparatory to his departure from Washington, finding the department too laborious.

It is also reported and believed, that Mr. Livingston will be appointed Minister to France, and that Mr. McLane will take his place. No person has been designated to take *his* place in the Treasury Department.

The Harrisburg Reporter says, "We understand that Geo. M. Dallas, Esq. will not be a candidate for re-election to the U. S. Senate."

James C. Wilkings has been appointed by the Governor of Mississippi a Senator in Congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Ellis.

Destructive Fire.—The Tobacco Factory of Mr. Samuel S. Myer, of Richmond, Va. was destroyed by fire on the 25th ult. Loss estimated at $80,000 to $90,000, of which $50,000 was insured.

Foot Race for $2,500.—Notice is given in the last Richmond Enquirer, that a foot race will be run on the Tree Hill Course, on Saturday next, between Mr. Henry Perritt, of Georgia, and Mr. Philip McCarp, of Virginia, for $2,500; the distance 75 yards.

The late military movement, which has caused some speculation, was made from considerations, if not entirely independent of Carolinian politics, at least not solely in consequence of any apprehended difficulties in Charleston. A new and extensive work, intended for the defence of the Harbor, called Castle Pinckney, has just been finished—and it is to garrison this fortification that the two Companies of Artillery have been detached from Fortress Monroe.—*Balt. Gaz.*

FROM THE WASHINGTON GLOBE.

Mr. Crawford's plan is, *"to call a Convention to revise the Federal Constitution."* We have no doubt that this result will be rendered unnecessary, by a timely reduction of the revenues to the economical wants of the Government. The President proposed this course in his last message to Congress, and his re-election by an immense majority of the suffrages of the people, even of the tariff States, should be an earnest to the people of the south, that on the extinguishment of the national debt, all that they can reasonably desire will be accomplished.

The New Orleans *Emporium* of the 14th instant, alluding to a report of the Board of Health of the 13th, which declares the "entire disappearance of the epidemic," which has prevailed in that city, asks "of what disease the *cart loads* of people die, that, no longer ago than this morning, met our eye wending their way to the Catholic cemetry!!" This would lead us to suppose that the mortality was still very great in that place, although a considerable mitigation had certainly taken place.

Charleston Courier.

The Secretary of the Treasury acknowledges the receipt of *five hundred dollars*, transmitted anonymously by the Mail from Philadelphia, "for duties on Goods not before accounted for."

Treasury Department,
November 22d, 1832.

POSTSCRIPT.

Editor's Correspondence.

Raleigh, Monday Night, December 3.

In deliberative assemblies, it is almost universally the case, that during the progress of an important Election it is impracticable to make any headway in the business of ordinary legislation. Thus, for the last three or four days, the canvass for Governor has absorbed all other considerations. There has been on the part of the members a listlessness and manifest indisposition towards any thing but electioneering, which leaves me but little of interest to communicate.

Perhaps the truth of the old saying, "that there's no telling who will be Governor until after the election," was never more forcibly illustrated than in the recent contest for that office. Down to the last moment, the result was considered too uncertain to hazard any thing like a confident conjecture on the subject. Had Gov. Branch remained a candidate, it is believed his friends would have continued to support him. When he withdrew, most of his friends went over to Judge Swain, and thus elected him. I annex the ballotings.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th	6th.	7th.
Polk,	51	withdrawn.					
Branch,	56	59	53	53	55	withdrawn.	
Spaight,	73	90	80	75	77	84	85
Blank,	14	46	4	4	5	8	8
Swain,			56	61	60	93	99
Gen. Jos. H. Bryan,						8	4

The election of Judge Swain will leave a vacancy on the Superior Court Bench, to fill which, I have heard the following gentlemen mentioned as Candidates, viz: Richmond Pearson, Judge Seawell, and John Giles. Probably other candidates may be in the field from the Eastern portion of the State.

The bill to elect Clerks of the County and Superior Courts by the people, has passed the House of Commons, and will, it is thought, be equally successful in the other House. I presume we shall go on with this system, until our Judges will ascend to office through the portals of a grog-shop.

Resolutions have been introduced in the House of Commons, by Mr. Daniel, of Halifax, denying the constitutionality of the Tariff and protesting against Nullification as absurd in theory and dangerous in practice.

Mr. Monk, of Sampson, has also submitted a Resolution to instruct our Delegation in Congress to endeavor to effect a General Convention of the States, for the purpose of settling the many vexed questions of Constitutional construction which now threaten the harmony of the Union.

The Members of the Electoral College begin to arrive. I have seen to-day, some six or seven of them. There are as usual, I understand, a number of candidates to carry on the Electoral vote.

FOREIGN.

New York, November 26.

Later from France.—By the Rhone, from Havre, we have papers of the 20th ult.

The speech of the King of Holland on the opening of the new Legislative session, on the 15th October, the former one having closed on the 13th, is indicative of a determined purpose to stand upon his rights. In Paris rumors were rife that the French army would immediately advance and invest Antwerp.

In the Havre Journal of 20th October, we find London dates, by express, of the 17th.

The Courier of that day says,—We have already announced that the English fleet destined for the Scheldt is ordered to assemble by the 5th of November at Spithead. We are now enabled to give an exact list of the ships to compose it:—The Talavera 74, Wellesly 74, Revenge 76, Spartiat 76, Donegal 74, Vernon 50, Southampton 50, Stag 46, Castor 36, Conway 28, Volage 28, Nimrod 18, Childers 18, Rover 18, Scout 18, Satellite 18, Larne 18, and Snake of 16 guns. The steamboats *Radamanthus* and *Dee*, armed with the largest sized cannon, are to accompany the expedition."

Philadelphia, Nov. 27.

By the arrival of the ship Carroll of Carrollton, Capt. Bird, we have our London and Liverpool papers to the 20th of October; two days later than our news of yesterday.

The British Parliament stands prorogued to the 11th of December, but the Morning Herald expresses a belief that it will be re-assembled to deliberate on the affairs of Belgium and Holland, which have now come to a crisis. The Liverpool Journal of the 20th says, "Things on the continent are drawing to a crisis, which must eventuate in an European war, or a permanent peace."

From Ireland there is nothing but accounts of violence, and of its cause—the enforcement of tithe claims.

We continue without any further accounts from Oporto that may be relied upon; it has, however, been reported at Lloyd's that the Miguelite army had retreated from before Oporto, in order to go into winter quarters.

Liverpool Cotton Market, Friday, Oct. 19.—The demand for Cotton during the week has been pretty general; but the quantity offering being increased, the middling and fair qualities of Uplands and Mobiles may be bought a little lower. The sales of the week, including 1000 bales American taken on speculation, amount to 14,870 bags. Import 13,257.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 22.—The sales in Cotton this week have been to a fair extent, but the market has been heavy, and prices upon the whole have a tendency to decline.

From the New York Journal of Commerce.

Still Later.—Our news schooner came up at half past four o'clock this morning, with the important verbal report, brought by Capt. Farren, of the brig Montevideo, who left Cadiz Oct. 23d, that the entire fleet of Don Miguel had surrendered to that of Don Pedro.

The squadron of Don Miguel consisted of the Don Juan VI. of 80 guns and 778 men, Princess Royal frigate of 50 guns and 480 men, Cybele sloop of war, 28 guns and 234 men, Isabelle 24 guns and 199 men, brig Fego 20 guns and 151 men, brig Audacious 18 guns 144 men. Total 218 guns, 1996 men.

DIED,

In Moore County, on the 24th ult., Mrs. MARY SHIELDS, consort of Cornelius Shields, Esq., aged 48 years, six months and twenty days, after an illness of four months and three days. She has left fifteen children, all of whom surrounded her grave to mourn the loss of an affectionate mother, also, a large circle of friends and relations to lament her untimely end.

Communicated.

At his residence in Telfair county, at 10 o'clock, A. M. on Thursday, the 15th November, Mr. ALEXANDER GRAHAM, at the age of 54 years, after having been confined of a lingering malady five months. He was a native of Cumberland county, North Carolina, but for more than twenty years he was a resident of the county in which he died. No farther eulogy will be attempted (as his character for integrity, sobriety and many other virtues, for which he has ever been noted, is sufficiently known to his acquaintances,) than to say he died without a solitary enemy, and that he was for about forty years previous to his death, a discreet and consistent member of the Presbyterian Church.—*Milledgeville Journal.*

On board the Steam boat Express, on his way from Louisville to St. Louis, of Cholera, Col. WM. McREA, of the 2d Regiment U. S. Artillery, aged 65 years, upwards of 41 of which have been passed in the service of his country. He was a native of Alexandria, D. C.

Fayetteville Market.—Brandy, peach, 55 a 60. Do. apple, 45 a 50. Bacon 8½ a 9½. Beeswax 17 a 17½. Coffee 15 a 17.—Cotton, new, 10 50 a 10 75. Corn 50 a 55. Flaxseed 1 65. Flour cross 4½, fine 5, sup. 5½. Feathers 32 a 35. Iron 4½ a 5½. Molasses 32 a 36. Nails, cut, 6½ a 7. Sugar, brown, 8½ a 10; Lump 14; Loaf 15 a 18. Salt 70 a 75.—Wheat 95 a 81. Whiskey 40 a 45. Tobacco, (leaf) 2 50 a 3.

Our streets are thronged with wagons.

Port of Wilmington.

ARRIVED, up to December 3.

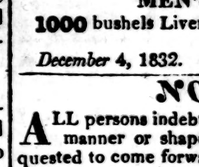
Nov. 28, Brig Sept-Feres, Meadville, Gaudaloupe.
Schr. Ward, Perry, Boston.
Dec'r. 1. Schr. Virginius, N. Y., via Savannah.
Danish Barque Integrity, Watson, Bonaire.
Brig Pandore, Browning, New York.
Schr. Sukey, Leach, Charleston.
Schr. Repeater, Sandford, New York.
Brig Damon, Potter, New York.
Brig Enterprize, Silliman, Philadelphia.
Schr. Attalia, Chase, Boston.

CLEARED,

Nov. 28, Brig Crusader, Porto-Rico.
Brig Knott, Barbadoes.
30, Brig Hope, St. Thomas.
Brig Only Son, New York.

New Watches, Jewelry, &c.

J. CAMPBELL,



HAS just received and offers for sale, at his Old Stand, a few doors West of the Market Square, a new and handsome assortment of

WATCHES,

AND

FASHIONABLE JEWELRY,

SILVER WARE, FINE CUTLERY, MILITARY GOODS, MATHEMATICAL and MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, FINE PAINTS, PERFUMERY, &c. together with almost every article usually found in establishments of the kind.

Fayetteville, Dec. 4. 9-tf.

☞Clock and Watch repairing and other work in the line thankfully received and punctually attended to.

WILLIAM BELLANGEE,
Dentist,

VERY respectfully tenders his professional services to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fayetteville and its vicinity—he will perform all the operations of his profession—will set Porcelain or any other Artificial Teeth, from one to a full set.

Room at the Planter's Hotel.

☞Ladies waited on at their residence.

Fayetteville, Dec. 4. 9tf.

For Sale—*For Cash or Produce,*

6 Hhds. N. O. and Porto Rico SUGAR,
10 Bags Coffee,
50 Kegs cut Nails, assorted, from 4d to 20d.
Castings, a handsome assortment,
Heavy Trace Chains, Axes, Shovels, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wagon boxes, Swedes and English Iron, Copperas, Saltpetre, Madder, Indigo, &c. &c.

—ALSO—

AN ASSORTMENT OF STAPLE

Dry Goods,

MEN'S CLOAKS.

1000 bushels Liverpool and Alum SALT.

JOHN MUNN.

December 4, 1832. §9-tf.§

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the Subscriber, in any manner or shape whatever, are earnestly requested to come forward and make payment by, or before the first of January next.

FOR SALE,

At his Store, East side of Gillespie street, a small but well selected assortment of

DRY GOODS,
Groceries, Cutlery, Hardware,
&c. &c. &c.

☞Auction and other Commission Business attended to as heretofore.

HENRY W. AYER.

December 1, 1832. 9-1w.

For Sale,

A NEAT family CARRIAGE and Pannel GIG.—*Also*, BAROUCHES, Stick GIGS, light WAGONS, &c.

GARDNER & McKETHAN,
Coach Makers.

Fayetteville, December 4, 1832. 9tf.

NOTICE.

MY wife CATHARINE having left my bed and board, I hereby forewarn all persons from harboring or crediting her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts of her contracting.

HENRY FORT.

December 3, 1832. 9-3wpd.

☞To the Public.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against giving the above advertisement any notice or credit, as it is the effect of a boisterous mind and disappointed avarice. The public officers, patrollers, and others, who feel an interest in doing public good, are requested to be careful about locking and diligent in searching Kitchens and other out houses, as it may be possible they may discover the subscriber to the above advertisement safely lodged in some such place.

CATHARINE FORT.

December 4th, 1832. 9-3wpd.

NEW STORE.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has taken the Store lately erected by Mr. Hooper, on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of Market Square, where he is now receiving and intends keeping constantly on hand, a good supply of the following articles:

Prime green COFFEE,
St. Croix, Porto Rico and N. Orleans SUGAR,
Liverpool and Alum Salt,
Swedes and English Iron,
German and Blister Steel,
Molasses, Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Nails, Powder, Shot and Lead,
Castings, Axes, Spades and Shovels,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine,
Trace Chains, Halters and Weeding Hoes,
Drugs and Medicines,
Loaf and lump Sugar, Copperas,
Window Glass and Putty; Bellows, Anvils, Vises,
Sole and upper Leather,

DRY GOODS,

CROCKERY, HATS AND SHOES.
COTTON AND WOOL CARDS, &c. &c.

Without further enumeration, his Stock comprises an assortment particularly adapted to the country trade, all of which he is disposed to sell at fair prices for cash or country produce, for which he will at all times pay the highest market prices.

WILL. O. JEFFREYS.

N. B.—Any Commission Business will also meet with prompt attention. W. O. J.

October 9. 1-tf.

Removal.

JAMES KYLE

HAS removed to his New Brick Store, at his Old Stand, corner of Market Square and Hay street, where he is now receiving a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

HARDWARE & GROCERIES,
Also, an assortment of
BEST ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS,

All of which will be offered at reduced prices, by wholesale or retail.

March 20. 72tf.

NEW FIRM.

THE Subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have purchased the Stock of Goods of Mr. *Duncan Smith*, and intend conducting the Tailoring Business under the Firm of

SMITH, McDONALD & CO.

two doors south of Market Square, where they request all to come and examine for themselves.

Their Stock consists of a very general assortment of Blue, Black and Olive Saxony CLOTHS, CASSIMERES assorted, superior quality, best plain and figured VELVETS, VESTINGS, CAMLETS, and all necessary TRIMMINGS, of the best kind. Also, a great variety of Sewing and Darning NEEDLES, BODKINS, ect. They pledge themselves to dispose of their Goods at the most moderate prices, and all Work entrusted to them will be done neatly and in a workmanlike manner.

DANIEL SMITH,
JNO. MAC DONALD.
ARCH'D JOHNSON.

June 5, 1832. 83-tf.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory,

AT THE SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT.

The Subscriber has commenced business in the above line, in the Store lately occupied by Mr. Henry L. Jones, three doors south of Market Square, where he will keep on hand a general assortment of BOOTS & SHOES of his own manufacture and of warranted materials.

As he intends selling *exclusively* for *cash*, his customers may expect to be supplied on the lowest possible terms.

PELEG PEARCE.

☞ Boots and Shoes made to measure, and repaired at the shortest notice. P. P.

March 6.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Rail Road.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of North Carolina, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Cape Fear and Yadkin Rail Road Company," the undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the said Act, *Give Notice*, That Books for Subscription to the Capital Stock of the said Company will be opened at the Court House on Tuesday the 8th instant, and continued open at the Bank of Cape Fear in Fayetteville, after that day until farther notice.

DUNCAN MAC RAE,
J. W. WRIGHT,
JOHN H. HALL,
ROBERT STRANGE,
ALEXANDER ELLIOTT. } Commissioners.

Fayetteville, May 7, 1832. 79tf.

PLANTER'S HOTEL.

R. COCHRAN, late of the Lafayette Hotel, has taken the large and commodious House known as the Planter's Hotel, at the foot of Hay Mount, on Hay Street, where he is prepared to accommodate Travellers and Boarders. The General Stage Office is kept at the above Hotel, where all the Stages arrive at and depart from.

Fayetteville, June 1. 31tf.

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber having *for the present*, opened an Office at his Dwelling House, on the corner of Dick and Russell streets, and provided himself with Warehouses in Campbellton, is prepared to carry on his business as usual.

All kinds of Produce received and sold or forwarded, as may be directed. Goods and Merchandize received and forwarded, together with all other business pertaining to a general commission agency.

He will also attend to the offering for discount, renewal and payment of notes at the different Banks in this place, *to which branch of his business he will pay particular attention*, and flatters himself, that from his general knowledge of the business of the place, he will be able to give satisfaction to his employers.

JOSEPH BAKER

Fayetteville, June 27. 34-tf.

DUNCAN THOMPSON,

FACTOR AND FORWARDING AGENT,

AT his old and well known STAND, two doors north of the Market House will be happy to attend to the orders of his old friends and customers, and of such new ones as may think proper to favour him with their business.

Fayetteville, Oct. 1, 1832. ‖800-tf.‖

RIFLES.

AN assortment of David Kennedy's RIFLES, for sale, By HALL & JOHNSON.

Oct. 16. 2-tf

25 Kegs cut NAILS, assorted from 4d to 20d, just received and for sale by

March 13. J. MUNN. 71tf.

CHEAP NEW GOODS.

ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL

RESPECTFULLY intimates to his friends and the public, that he is now opening in the new brick Tenement erected by John Kelly, Esq., North West Corner of Market Square, a very handsome and extensive assortment of

New Goods,

carefully selected by himself in New York and Philadelphia, from the *latest importations*. His stock which is unusually complete, embraces a great variety of new and fashionable DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, fine CUTLERY, CHINA, CROCKERY and GLASS WARE, which he confidently asserts will equal in point of quality, any Goods ever offered in this market, and all of which will be sold to wholesale and retail purchasers on the most reasonable terms.—Country Merchants and retail purchasers generally, will find it their interest to call and examine his stock which comprises in part the following, viz.

Super blue, black and mixt Saxony Cloths,
Extra super London blue and black ditto,
Ditto do. light and dark green, brown & olive green,
Dark, Oxford and steel mixt do., very cheap,
Ditto super London black Cassimere,
A large assortment of fine and common Sattinetts,
Some extra super do., very cheap,
White Jeans, Imperial Cord and Rouen Cassimeres,
Pittsburg & bang-up Cords, Beaverteen & Moleskins,
Silk Velvet, Marseilles, Valentia and Swansdown Vesting,
Green, red and white Flannels, fine and common,
White Gauze do., really fine and Salisbury do.
Green Baize and Floor Cloths, oil do., various patterns,
Irish Linen in whole and demi pieces, very superior and unusually cheap,
Ditto do. Sheetings, birds-eye and Russia Diaper,
Heavy Marseilles Counterpanes, col'd do.
Low priced and super quality Bed Ticking,
Apron Checks, fine and common, Furniture do. and curtain Calicoes,
Gig top Nankeen, a very superior article for that purpose,
Blue and dark colored heavy Camlets, goat's hair do.
Fine and common Circassians and Bombazetts,
Super Bombazines and London imitation painted Muslins,
Ditto Oriental fancy Plaid and Drapery Muslins.
Plain and figured Swiss, Jaconet, Book and Mull do.
Fine and common Cambrics, Bishop Lawn,
Silesia do., Brown Holland and Fustians,
Pink, green, yellow, blue and dark col'd Cambrics,
Linen Cambric, very fine; do. Hdkfs. plain & bord'd,
Bobbinett and thread Laces, Edgings, Insertions, Quillings, &c. &c.
Very rich bl'k and white fig'd Lace Veils, large size,
Super blond Gauze do. white and green,
Beautiful Adelaide lace Collars and open Capes,
Rich gauze Hdkfs., Marabon, scollop and crape do.
Do. do. Scarfs, Prague and Damask Hdkfs.
Rich scarlet, black and white merino Shawls, extra large sizes and very cheap,
Thibet wool and worsted Shawls, printed borders,
Gentlemen's silk and patent gum elastic Suspenders,
Do. silk Hdkfs.
Ladies', Gentlemen's and Misses' silk, cotton, and worsted Hosiery, assorted, do. do. Gloves and white Berlin do.
A very extensive selection of Silks, unusually low, including all the most fashionable colours,
Favaroni's best Italian Lustring, Matteoni's do., superior lustre,
Gros-de-Naps, Swiss and de-Berlin, of all colors and shades, cheaper than any before offered in this market,
Pink, green, yellow, white, blue, and straw colored Florences and Satins,
White and black Satin, green Silk, suitable for Calashes; do. black Serge,
White and yellow marking Canvass, patent Thread all colors,
Best Italian sewing Silk; Saddler's do. and Twist do.
Cap and bonnet Ribbons, a great variety; Taffetas and Gauze do.
Rich Belt Ribbons; bonnet Wire and Trimmings,
3 cases fine Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, some entirely new style, very cheap,
Imitation Flowers, a great variety,
Worsted & silk Braids, silk Cords, Gimps, Ribbon-Wire, Capes, Lacets, and P. Robes,
Some beautiful (real French) 6-4 merino Cloths of the most desirable colors, for ladies' Dresses and Habits, colors warranted genuine,
Light, dark, green, brown, olive, light blue, claret, dark and fawn colored merino Circassians for dresses, very fine,
A very extensive assortment of Calicoes, selected from the *latest* importations, choice style and very cheap,
Brown and bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, *unusually low*,
Heavy Cottenades for Negro clothing,
Ladies' and Misses' prunella, morocco, seal and leather Shoes.
Gentlemen's fine Boots, Bootees, Shoes and Pumps,
Fine and common Brogans and Shoes,
Gentlemen's fashionable satin, beaver & fine fur Hats,
Ditto drab do., very cheap,
Boys' fancy Caps and fine fur Hats,
Gentlemen's heavy silk and cotton Umbrellas, finished in the best style and uncommonly cheap,
Ladies' light do. and Parasols, assorted,
Gentlemen's fashionable Stocks, a great variety and very cheap,
Perfumery, Essences, Oils, Otto of Roses, Pungents, Pomatum, Powder Puffs, vestimental Soap, Indelible Ink, &c. &c.
A general supply of Drugs and Medicines, most commonly called for,
Table Knives and Forks, a great variety,
Desert ditto, of various qualities,
Do. do. ivory handles, with best sabre blades, and balance handles in sets complete,
Do. do. lower qualities, and sets of Carvers & Steel,
Pen Knives and pocket do., a great variety, with 2, 3 and 4 blades, some very superior with pearl and shell handles,
Razors of various qualities, some superior in cases,
Ladies' best refined steel Scissors and gentlemen's pocket do.
Edge Tools, cast steel Axes, Adzes, large sizes, saw Setts, Nut Crackers, patent Augers, spike Gimlets and cast steel Awls,
Locks, iron rim, closet, bastard and fine plate cupboard, till and chest, brass do. and Padlocks,
Cast steel Plane Irons, coach Wrenches & Bed Keys,
Knobs, plated, brass and glass, a great variety,
Cloak and curtain Pins, Escutcheons and do. Pins,
Hinges, Pullies, powder Flasks, shot Belts, sportsmen's Bags, gun Locks and Worms, percussion Caps, screw Drivers and wood Screws, brass Nails and brass stair Rods and Eyes,
Hand and mill Saws, c. & s. Files, Hammers,
Bells, polished house, sleigh, hand and cow Bells,
Snuffers, Trays and steel do., japaned Trays, Waiters and bread Baskets,
Tea Kettles, Britannia coffee and tea Pots,
Plated and Britannia tea and table Spoons,
Steelyards, Squares, iron steel blades and Compasses,
Tin and brass Cocks keyed, some extra large sizes, for Hydrants, &c.
Full plated stirup Irons and bridle Bits,
Saddles and Bridles, extra stirup & bridle Leathers,
An assortment of gig, riding and sportsmen's fancy Whips,
Crockery Ware, some elegant sets of China, 72 pieces complete, smaller do., a great variety and unusually cheap.
A very extensive assortment of plain and rich cut Glass Ware, comprizing a variety of articles rarely to be found in this market.

☞ All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for Cash.

Fayetteville, N. C., August 28, 1832. 94tf.

NEW & CHEAP Fancy Goods.

H. CAMPBELL, Jr.

GRATEFUL for past favors, informs his friends and the Public, that he will still remain at the old Stand, on the North side of Hay-street, a few doors above the Market House, where he is now receiving a large supply of

Fall and Winter Goods,

comprising all that is New and Fashionable, carefully selected by himself, in New York and Philadelphia; and is now determined to sell very low, for Cash, Wholesale and Retail.

It is particularly requested, that all those, who have been so often called on for payment of their accounts, and have hitherto neglected to do so, will now make immediate payment, as it is necessary that all old accounts should be settled without any delay.

H. CAMPBELL, Jr.

N. B.—**Daily Expected,** A Large Assortment of all kinds of SILK THREAD LACES, New Style of Goods for Ladies' Dresses; IMPERIAL TEA, in Canisters, LOAF and LUMP SUGAR, &c. &c., with great variety of other Articles, too tedious to enumerate. H. C., Jr.

Fayetteville, 18th Sept., 1832. 98-tf

New Goods.

THE Subscriber informs the public that he is now receiving a large stock of DRY GOODS of every description, which is offered to the public at very reduced prices; having been bought mostly at the New York package sales, they will be sold extremely low, Merchants from the country, will do well to call and examine them. Among the Goods are super blue, black, olive, brown, bottle green and mixt Cloths, Sattinets, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Drillings, Merino, Cassimeres, Merino Cloths, imitation Merino Cloths, Brochelles, Lastings, Princettas, Nankeens, Moleskins, Bangup Cords, French Drills, Clark's spool Cotton, a great variety of fancy Prints, newest style, 4-4 and 6-4 Ginghams, 4-4 Parisian Prints, Parisian Muslins, Swiss Muslins, cross bar'd Muslins, Mull Jaconet and Book Muslins, Swiss Capes and Pelerines, lace Capes and Pelerines, 5-4, 4-4 and 3-4 Shirtings and Sheetings, 4-4 Irish Linens, Long Lawns, Linen Cambrics, and Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, 5-4 Irish Sheeting, 8-4 table Diaper, Russia Diaper, Merseilles and other Vestings, Palm leaf Hats, scarlet merino square and long Shawls, Leghorn and Dunstable Bonnets, Shoes, Carpetings.

SILKS.

Gros-de-Swiss, Italian Lustrings, Gros-de-Berlins, Gros-de-Naples, blk. Sinchews and Sarsnets, white, pink and green Florences, rich Vestings, rich Garniture and belt Ribbons, fancy gauze Handkerchiefs and Scarfs, Nankin Crape Shawls, Nankin Robes, rich fig'd Silks, Barege and Palmerines, ladies' fancy Work Bags, ladies' Cravats, bandanna Handkerchiefs, &c &c., together with many other articles too tedious to enumerate.

JNO. McARN.

April 24, 1832. 77-tf.

NEW CHEAP GOODS.

THE Subscriber has just returned from the North with a cheap and carefully selected assortment of

HATS,

LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS' SHOES AND BOOTS.
MEN'S AND BOYS' FUR, CLOTH AND SEAL SKIN CAPS.

He may be found three doors west from the Market House, on the north side of Hay street, where he is prepared to sell bargains, either at wholesale or retail. Merchants and others would do well to call immediately and examine his assortment.

Also, Sole and Upper LEATHER.

G. HURLBUTT.

September 25. 99tf.

The Subscriber,

OFFERS for sale at the Store recently occupied by Mr. O. P. Stark—

8 Hhds and 12 bbls good Sugar,
15 bags Coffee,
10 hhds Molasses,
7 tons assorted Iron,
50 kegs Nails,
40 pieces good Hemp Bagging, 42 inches wide,
25 coils of Bale Rope,
100 lbs. Twine,
Sole and Upper Leather,
Bar and Sheet Lead,
Dupont's Gun Powder,
German and Blistered Steel,
Copperas, Spanish Brown and Alum,
Pepper, Spice and Ginger,
Saltpetre and Pearlash,
Gum Shellac and Logwood,
Superfine Flour, and Bacon,
Salt of different qualities, some as low price as 25 cents per bushel. W. WHITEHEAD.

Oct. 15. 2-tf

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

P. DAILEY,

IS now receiving from New York and Philadelphia, his Fall and Winter supply of Goods, which consists of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hardware & Cutlery,
HATS, SHOES, IRON, HOLLOW WARE, &c. &c. &c.

All of which he will sell on the most reasonable terms. Country Merchants and others, are invited to call and examine for themselves.

N. B. A good assortment of ANCHOR BOLTING CLOTHS, kept constantly on hand.

15th Oct., 1832. 2-tf

NOTICE.

MR. DANIEL SUTHERLAND, is constituted my Agent for the collection of all Notes and Accounts due to me, with instructions to proceed indiscriminately, by legal process, against all who fail to pay on first application.

WM. L. HAWLEY.

I OFFER for sale at my Store, three doors East of Market Square, Person-st., wholesale or retail,—

Sole and Upper Leather,
Skirting and Harness do.
Hog Skins,
Best Philadelphia Calf Skins,
Cochineal, Blue and Black Coach Lining Skins,
Facing, Padding and Shoe Lining Skins,
Common and Coarse Shoes, by the Case or retail,
Fine and Wool Hats,
Shoe Thread, and Black Varnish,
Men's Shoe Lasts, assorted,

Together with a general assortment of Groceries.

WM. L. HAWLEY.

Oct. 8. 1-tf

Just Received,

10 Hhds. prime SUGAR,
15 bags COFFEE,
60 kegs Nails and Brads,
200 sacks Liverpool Salt,
25 barrels Mackerel,
25 half bbls. do.
5000 lbs. choice Bacon, for sale by

CASWELL S. BRAY.

July 10. 88-tf.

CHEAP, AND NEW GOODS.

R. NICHOLSON,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the Public, that he has just received from New York a general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CROCKERY WARE, GROCERIES, &c., which he offers cheap for Cash, at his Store in Mac Rae's new Brick Buildings, corner Store, west of R. Maynard & Co.'s Medicine Store.

Oct. 8. 1-tf

Coffee, Sugar, Teas, Wines, And old Liquors, &c. &c.

THE Subscriber is now receiving and offers for sale the following articles, viz:

75 Bags Porto Rico COFFEE,
20 Hhds. St. Croix, P. R. and N. O. Sugar,
Fresh Imperial, Gunpowder, Souchong, and Young Hyson Teas, in half and quarter chests and canisters suitable for families,
Choice *old* Madeira, Sherry, Teneriffe, L. P. and S. Madeira, Muscat and Malaga Wines,
Superior *old* Port, Champaigne and Claret,
Old Cogniac Brandy (Seignette Brand) in pipes and quarter casks, warranted pure as imported.
Holland Gin (Swan Brand) old Jamaica Rum and Monongahela Whiskey, of excellent flavour,
Fresh Raisins, Soft shell Almonds, Nutmegs, Sweet Oil, Cloves, Cayenne Pepper, Race Ginger, Cassia, Pimento, and London Mustard, fresh,
London Brown Stout Porter in pint & quart bottles.
Philadelphia do do and Ale in do,
Stoughten's Bitters, fresh Lime Juice and Lemon Sirup, Sweet Chocolate and fine Table Salt in Boxes,
Demyjohns assorted sizes, Wine and Porter Bottles,
25 Barrels double refined Loaf Sugar,
50 do Loaf and Lump do,
125 kegs cut Nails and Brads assorted,
15 bags English and American Wrought Nails assorted,
Duponts' Powder, bar Lead, and Shot,
3500 lbs. Sole Leather, small sides weighing from 9 to 18 lbs.
25 Boxes Soap, White Lead, Paints, Window Glass,
5,000 Spanish Segars, Saunders' *best* Chewing Tobacco,
Scotch and Maccaboy Snuff, Indigo, Chalk, Copperas, Spanish White, Saltpetre, Alum, Spirits of Turpentine and Lamp Black, &c. &c. &c.

ARCH. CAMPBELL.

Fayetteville, August 28, 1832. §94-tf.§

FOR SALE,

119 KEGS WHITE LEAD, warranted pure,
102 Gall. Lamp Oil,
2000 lbs. Glauber Salts, 900 lbs. Epsom,
200 lbs. Chloride Lime,
1 bale Hops,
1 carboy Aquafortis,
1 do Sulphuric Acid,
7 Hampers Black Bottles,
Linseed, Train and Sweet Oil,
Glass 8x10 and 10x12, Putty in bladders,
Ink Powder and Liquid Ink, Maynard & Noyes',
Red and coloured wafers,
Syrup Sassaparilla and Liverwort,
Swaim's Panacea, (genuine,)
Indelible Ink,
Maccasar and Bear's Oil, (genuine,)
Peppermint and Boneset Lozenges,
Chlorine Tooth-wash, a very superior article for cleansing the Teeth, (genuine,)
Osborne's Superior Water Colours, in Maple and Mahogony Boxes,
Superior Hair, Clothes, Hatter's, Paint and White-wash Brushes,
Surgeon and Dentist Instruments, superior quality,
Hull's, Eberlee's and common Trusses,
Shop Furniture, Crucibles, Retorts, and evaporating Dishes,
Patent Medicines, (a large assortment.)

ALSO,

Almonds, Raisins, Filberts & English Walnuts.

R. MAYNARD & CO.

October 2. 800-tf.

Lazarus & Whitmarsh,

AT WILMINGTON,
Offer for Sale,

$3,000 Bushels Turk's Island SALT,
400 hhds. Martinique Molasses,
20 hhds. Sugar,
20 hhds. N. E. Rum,
30 bbls. Whiskey, and
20 bbls. Gin,

September 26, 1832. ‡800-tf.‡

LIME.

118 Casks of Thomastown, and 150 casks of Rhode Island white lump LIME, (a very superior article) just received and for sale by

E. L. & W. WINSLOW.

January 2, 1832. 61tf.

THOMASTOWN LIME.

100 Casks, in good order, for sale by

JOHN HUSKE & SON.

August 6th, 1832.

Sugar and Coffee.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

ST. Croix and New Orleans SUGARS, in hhds.
Porto-Rico ditto, in bbls.
5 bags sup. old white COFFEE, for family use.

JOHN MUNN.

April 17. 76tf.

H. MacLaurin.

MAY be found at Mr. Latta's Store, sixth door east from Market Square, north side of the street leading to Clarendon Bridge, where he will be happy to serve those who may favor him with their confidence, in the renewal or payment of Notes, at either of the Banks in this place.

Fayetteville, Feb. 21, 1832. 68-tf

MANSION HOTEL.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has purchased that large and

COMMODIOUS HOUSE

in the town of Wadesborough, known as *Cash's Hotel*, and that the same is now open for the reception of travellers and boarders. The proprietor solicits a share of public patronage, and pledges himself to spare neither pains or expense to render comfortable the stay of all those who may call on him.

S. C. LINDSAY.

Wadesborough, Sept. 1832. §99-4m.§

Removal.

JOHN MUNN has removed to the Store on the south side of Person street, a few doors east of the site of the Cape Fear Bank, and one door west of Messrs. Willkings & Co's Auction Store.

March 13. 71tf.

For Sale,

60 Kegs White Lead in oil, part of it pure,
10 barrels paint Oil,
10 hhds. brown Sugar,
100 casks Thomastown Lime, in good order,
Rowland's mill and cross cut Saws.

JNO. HUSKE & SON.

March 5, 1832. 70tf.

SUGAR & COFFEE.

JUST received, by the late arrivals, the following GOODS

Which we offer on very accommodating terms:—

10 Hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar bright and a good grain,
3 do. and 10 bbls. Copperas,
2 do. Jamaica 4th proof Rum,
30 bags high scented Rio Coffee,
20 do. Porto Rico do.,
35 do. St. Domingo do.,
10 bbls. Jamaica do.,
10 Bags Pepper and Spice,
5 quarter Cassia Sweet Malaga Wine,
5 do. Marseilles Madeira do.,
3 do. Teneriffe do.,
50 Kegs Cut Nails, assorted,
20 bbls. N. E. Rum,
10 do. Apple Brandy, very prime,
Cotton Bagging, Saltpetre, Alum and Madder,

WILLKINGS & CO.

Fayetteville, October 22, 1832. 13-tf

15 *Dollars Reward.*

ON Thursday night last, my apprentice boy, Daniel Lyneberry, absconded, in company with a Journeyman Tailor, named Charles D. Vanhorn; and on the same night, my horse was stolen, or strayed. The boy is about 18 years of age, stout, and genteelly dressed. Vanhorn is a young man of fair complection, and about the size of the boy. The horse is a sorrel, about 8 years old, a blazed face, his left hind foot white, with one small white spot on his back and another on the left side of his neck, about the size of a quarter of a dollar. I will give a reward of five Dollars for the horse, ten Dollars for the thief if stolen, with sufficient proof to convict, and one cent for the boy. All persons are forewarned from harboring or trading with him, under the penalty of the law.

DUNCAN McCOLL.

Fayetteville, Oct. 30, 1832. 4tf.

BOOK STORE—REMOVED

THE Subscriber has removed his Book Store to the new building, next door below Mr. Fuller's Store, and immediately opposite to the new Lafayette Hotel Buildings, Hay Street.

Oct. 30, 1832. E. J. HALE.

GROCERIES, For Sale.

15 HHDS. prime Muscovado Sugars,
15 do. New Orleans Sugar,
16 bbls. single and double refined Loaf Sugar,
2 boxes White Havana do.
60 bags Porto Rico, and Rio Coffee,
Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope, Sewing & Seine Twine,
Pepper, Spice, Ginger, Cassia and Nutmegs,
Imperial and Hyson Tea, in 6lb catty boxes,
Imperial & Gunpowder do. in 2lb cannisters,
1200 sacks Liverpool Salt,
1000 bushels Alum do.
6 casks Cheese,
N. Orleans Molasses, in hhds. and barrels,
10 Hhds. W. I. do.
75 kegs Nails,
Dupont's Powder, Shot and bar Lead,
20 tons Swedes Iron,
Epsom & Glauber Salts, Saltpetre, Alum, Brimstone,
Indigo, Madder, Logwood, Red Lead, Span. Brown,
Spanish White, Putty, Pearl Ash,
60 kegs White Lead,
Tin Plate and Iron Wire,
8x10 and 10x12 Window Glass,
Writing and wrapping Paper,
20 crates Crockery, assorted for the country trade.

C. T. HAIGH.

October 9, 1832. 1-tf.

Boots and Shoes.

THE Subscriber has received a part of his Fall Stock, well worthy the attention of Country Merchants, consisting in part of

500 pair men's thick BROGANS and SHOES,
300 do. do. calf and kip do. do.
300 do. boys' thick and L. & B. do. do.
500 do. Ladies' Morocco Walking Shoes.
1000 do. do. do. Pumps, low price.

ALSO, constantly on hand,

Cotton and Wool Cards,
Wrapping, Writing, & Letter Paper

AMOS KIMBALL.

Fayetteville, Nov. 6, 1832. 70tf.

HENRY HORN

OFFERS for sale, at the store recently occupied by Mr. W. Whitehead, East of the Planter's Hotel,

50 Bags prime green Coffee
10 hhds. Porto Rico and New Orleans Sugar
10 do. prime retailing Molasses
3 do. Sirup for family use
2000 bushels Liverpool Salt
500 sacks do do
Alum, Cadiz and Blown do
100 kegs cut Nails and Brads, assorted
12 tons Swedes and English Iron, assorted
Sheet and Hoop Iron
German, blistered and cast Steel,
75 sets Wagon Boxes
600 pieces Castings, assorted
1600 lbs. Cotton Yarn
1000 lbs. Bar Lead
40 bags buck and drop Shot
15 kegs Orange and Dupont's FFF Powder
Pepper, Spice, Race and Ground Ginger, Imperial and Hyson Tea, Loaf and Lump Sugar, Epsom and Glauber Salts, Salt Petre, Alum, Indigo, Madder, Spanish Brown, Pearl Ash, Window Glass, Candles, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Cotton and Wool Cards, Wool and Fur Hats, Cotton Bagging, Bale Rope and Twine, Blue Wire, Trace Chains, Frying Pans, Spades and Shovels, Scythe Blades, Cutting Knives, Stone Jugs, Bar Soap, and Starch,

DRY GOODS,

Hardware and Cutlery.

Together with a number of other articles too tedious to mention; all of which will be sold low for cash or country produce. The highest prices will be paid for country produce.

Nov. 6. 5-tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has now on hand and is receiving a general assortment of

GOODS,

In the Store of the late Thomas Fuller, and requests all those wishing to supply themselves with the following articles to call and examine his stock, as he intends to sell at the lowest market price for cash or produce:—

15 Hhds. SUGAR, Porto Rico and New Orleans,
5000 lbs. green St. Jago Coffee,
15 tons Swedes and English Iron,
German, Blistered and Cast Steel,
192 pieces heavy Dundee and Tow Bagging,
100 coils Bale Rope,
200 sides best sole Leather,
500 lbs. Harness Leather,
300 lbs. Skirting and Bridle Leather,
50 Hhds. bright retailing Molasses,
600 bushels Alum Salt,
600 bushels Cadiz do.,
126 sacks Liverpool do.,
50 kegs Nails and Brads,
10 bags Spice,
5 do. Pepper,

An assortment of Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats, Bonnets, Hardware, Cutlery, Blacksmith's Tools, Cotton and Wool Cards, ready made Clothes and Cloaks, Paints, Oils and Dye Stuffs, Loaf Sugar, &c.

JONES FULLER.

October 29. §4-tf.§

BLANKS

OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.